

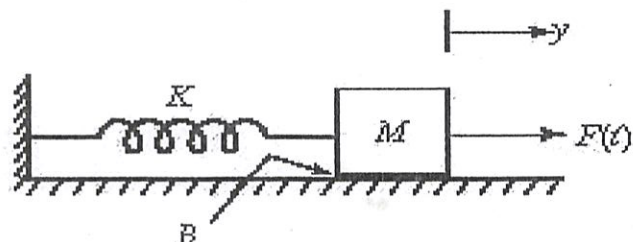
國立臺灣科技大學103學年度碩士班招生試題

系所組別：材料科學與工程系碩士班乙組

科目：控制系統

(總分為100分)

1. The parameters of the mechanical system are
 $M = 1000 \text{ kg}$, $B = 10000 \text{ N/(m/sec)}$, $K = 100000 \text{ N/m}$



A step force of 1000 N is applied to the mass at $t = 0$. The initial conditions are $y(0) = \dot{y}(0) = 0$. Find the damping ratio, undamped natural frequency and damped natural frequency. (15%)

2. 一個系統由以下微分方程式所描述

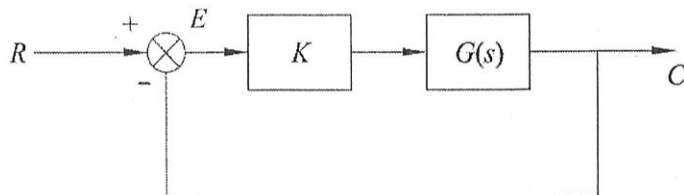
$$\ddot{y}(t) + 7\dot{y}(t) + 6y(t) = 6r(t); y(0) = \dot{y}(0) = 0$$

找出系統對輸入 $r(t) = \sin 2t$ 的穩態響應。 (15%)

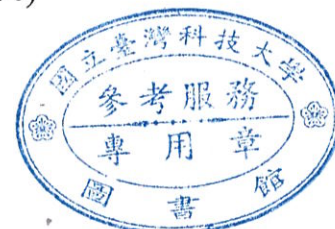
3. 對以下的特性方程式，畫出根軌跡圖。 (20%)

$$1 + \frac{K}{s(s^2 + 6s + 10)} = 0; K \geq 0$$

4. In the Figure shown below with $G(s) = 1/[(s+1)(s+7)]$:



- (1) Find the lowest value of K that will minimize the settling time. (5%)
- (2) Find K and the corresponding steady-state error for a unit step to obtain a system damping ratio of about 0.7. (5%)
- (3) Compare the settling times of parts (1) and (2). Which is the best to minimize rise time, and why? (5%)



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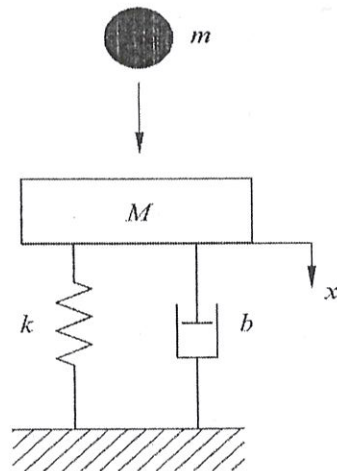
(總分為100分)

5. For a unity feedback motor position servo with loop gain function

$$G(s) = \frac{K}{s(0.25s + 1)(0.1s + 1)}$$

- (1) Sketch the loci of the closed-loop system poles for varying K . (8%)
 (2) Find K for a damping ratio 0.5 of the dominating pair. (7%)

6. Referring to the Figure shown below, where k is the spring constant, b is the damping coefficient. A man drops a steel ball of mass m onto the center of mass M from a height d and catches it on the first bounce. Assuming that the system is initially at rest, what is the motion of mass M after it is hit by the steel ball? Assume that the impact is perfectly elastic. In addition, assume that the numerical values of M , m , b , k and d are given as $M=1$ kg, $m=0.1$ kg, $b=4$ N-s/m, $k=125$ N/m, and $d=1$ m. The displacement x of mass M is measured from the equilibrium position before the ball hits it. The initial conditions are $x(0) = 0$ and $\dot{x}(0) = 0$. (10%)



7. Consider the spring-mass system as shown below, k is the spring constant. The system is initially at rest, or $x(0) = 0$ and $\dot{x}(0) = 0$. At $t=0$ a force $p(t) = P \cos \omega t$ is applied to the mass m . When the numerical values of m , k , P , and ω are given as $m=1$ kg, $k=100$ N/m, $P=50$ N, and $\omega=5$ rad/sec, find the solution $x(t)$. (10%)

