

## 國立臺灣科技大學 108 學年度碩士班招生試題

系所組別：資訊工程系碩士班

科目：計算機數學

(總分為 100 分)

1. [12%] Let  $T$  be a tree and denoted by  $T = (V, E)$  in which  $V$  denotes the vertex set and  $E$  denotes the edge set. Let  $|S|$  denote the cardinality of the set  $S$ . We now remove one edge from the tree  $T$ , and it leads to two separated trees  
 $T_1 = (V_1, E_1)$  and  $T_2 = (V_2, E_2)$  with  $|E_1| = 2|V_2|$ . Let  $|E_2| = a|V| + b$ . Please calculate the values of  $a$  and  $b$ .
2. [12%] Let  $\gcd(930, 1280) = 930m + 1280n$ . Please calculate the values of  $m$  and  $n$ . Here, " $\gcd$ " denotes "greatest common divisor."
3. [13%] Let  $G$  be a group which is an algebraic structure. Let  $H$  and  $K$  be the subgroups of  $G$  with  $H \subset K \subset G$ . Let  $|F|$  denote the cardinality of the group  $F$ . If  $|G| = 186$  and  $|H| = 31$ , please calculate all possible values of  $|K|$ .
4. [13%] Given 5 matrices  $M_1, M_2, M_3, M_4$  and  $M_5$ , we now want to perform the matrix-multiplication-chain operation for  $M_1 \times M_2 \times M_3 \times M_4 \times M_5$ , and suppose the association law is allowable for the above operation. For example,  $M_1 \times M_2 \times M_3$  can be performed by two ways, namely  $((M_1 \times M_2) \times M_3)$  and  $(M_1 \times (M_2 \times M_3))$ . Please calculate the number of ways to perform the matrix-multiplication-chain operation for  $M_1 \times M_2 \times M_3 \times M_4 \times M_5$ .
5. [10%] Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 4 \\ 1 & 4 & -2 \\ 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ , find an orthonormal basis for the column space of  $A$ .
6. [16%] Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 13 & 0 & -5 \\ 0 & 8 & 0 \\ -5 & 0 & 13 \end{bmatrix}$ .
  - (a) (2%) Find the eigenvalues of  $A$ .
  - (b) (4%) Find a matrix  $P$  such that  $P^{-1}AP$  is a diagonal matrix.
  - (c) (4%) Find a matrix  $B$  such that  $B^2 = A$ .
  - (d) (6%) If  $C = I + A + A^2/2! + A^3/3! + \dots$ , where  $I$  is an identity matrix of order 3, find the matrix  $C$ .



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7. [10%] Given an input image whose constituting pixels with integer coordinates represented by the Cartesian product  $[0, 700] \times [0, 500]$ , it will be transformed to new coordinates represented by  $[-1, 1] \times [-1, 1]$  for a certain purpose as Figure 1 shows. Please find the transformation matrix to achieve such a normalization process.

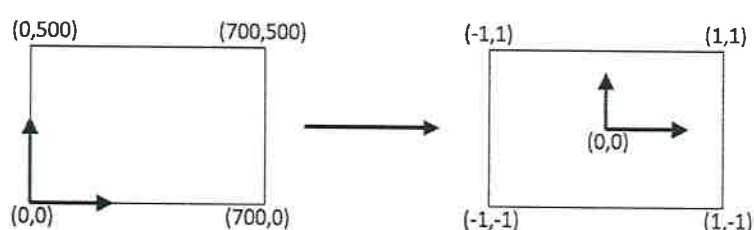


Figure 1

8. [14%] In the applications of image processing, there are several different transformation ways on a two-dimensional plane as shown in Figure 2, where the affine transformation is a function between affine spaces which preserves points, straight lines and planes. The formula of this transformation can be expressed below:

$$\begin{cases} x' = ax + by + c \\ y' = dx + ey + f \end{cases}$$

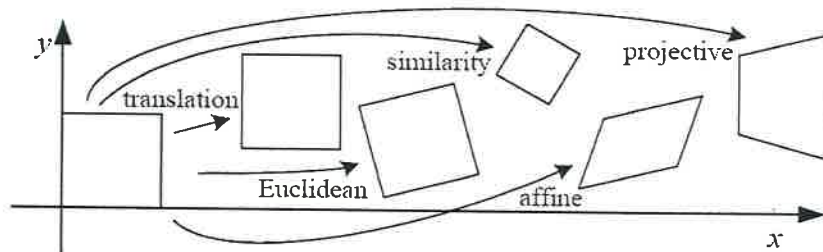


Figure 2

Consider the cost function of the affine transformation for  $n$  points of a map as:

$$C(a, b, c, d, e, f) = \sum_{i=1}^n (r_{x_i}(a, b, c, d, e, f)^2 + r_{y_i}(a, b, c, d, e, f)^2)$$

where the residuals of each point  $(x_i, y_i)$  for  $x$ -coordinate and  $y$ -coordinate are respectively stated as follows.

$$\begin{aligned} r_{x_i}(a, b, c, d, e, f) &= (ax_i + by_i + c) - x'_i \\ r_{y_i}(a, b, c, d, e, f) &= (dx_i + ey_i + f) - y'_i \end{aligned}$$

- (a) (7%) Please write down the affine transformation in matrix form for  $n$  points.  
 (b) (7%) Based on the above matrix form, if we want to minimize the cost function, please find the least squares solution.

