

八十五學年度國立台灣工業技術學院研究所碩士班招生考試

所別：電子工程技術研究所

組別：系統組

科目：工程數學

1. In each of the following problems, find the general solution of the differential equation.

(a) (5%) $y' + y = e^{3x}$

(b) (5%) $y' - xy = x$

2. In each of the following problems, find the general solution of the differential equation.

(a) (5%) $y'' - 4y = e^{2x} + 2x$

(b) (10%) $x^2y'' - 3xy' + 4y = x^6 + 1$

3. In each case, evaluate f_{xx}, f_{xy}, f_{yy}

(a) (5%) $f = 1/(x^2 + y^2 + 1)$

(b) (5%) $f = \tan^{-1}(y/x)$ for $(x, y) \neq (0, 0)$

4. Find all critical points of these functions and determine whether they are local maxima, local minima, horizontal inflection, or saddle points.

(a) (5%) $x^2e^{-x}, -\infty < x < \infty$

(b) (10%) $\ln(x^2 + y^2 + 1)$

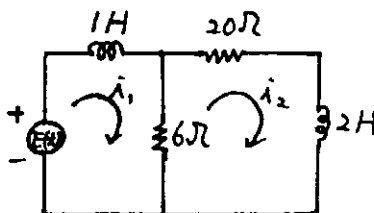
5. Use the Laplace transform to solve the following initial value problem.

(a) (5%) $y'' + 9y = f(t), y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0, f(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } 0 \leq t < 4 \\ 3 & \text{if } t \geq 4 \end{cases}$

(b) (10%) $y'' + 7y' + 6y = f(t), y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0, f(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } 0 \leq t < 3 \\ 0 & \text{if } t \geq 3 \end{cases}$

6. (15%) Solve for the currents in the circuit shown in the diagram, assuming that the currents are initially zero and that

$E(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } 0 \leq t < 4 \\ 2 & \text{if } t \geq 4 \end{cases}$



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7. In the following problems, determine a basis for the subspace S of \mathbb{R}^n and determine the dimension of the subspace.

(a) (5%) S consists of all vectors $\langle x, y, y, x+y, z \rangle$ in \mathbb{R}^5

(b) (5%) S consists of all vectors $\langle x+z, y+z, -x-z, -y-z, x-y \rangle$ in \mathbb{R}^5

8. In the following problems, find a matrix R such that $RA=B$.

(a) (5%) $A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 16 & 3 \\ 1 & -2 & 4 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$, $B = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 2 & -3 & 24 & 19 \\ 1 & -2 & 4 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$

b. (5%) $A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 16 & 3 \\ 1 & -2 & 4 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$, $B = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 24 & 13 \\ 0 & 1 & 16 & 3 \\ 1 & -2 & 4 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$

