

國立臺灣科技大學

九十學年度碩士班招生考試試題

系所組別：資訊工程系、電子工程系甲組、電機工程系丙組

科目：離散數學

1. (a) Let \oplus denote the symmetric difference operation. For any set A , what is $A \oplus A$? $A \oplus \Phi$ (where Φ denotes the empty set)? (5%)
- (b) Given infinite series $\sum a_n$ and $\sum b_n$. Is the following statement " $\sum a_n$ converges if and only if $\sum b_n$ converges " Logically equivalent to the statement " $\sum a_n$ diverges if and only if $\sum b_n$ diverges " ? Explain your answer. (5%)
- (c) Write the negation of the following statement "For every $\epsilon > 0$, there exists $N > 0$, such that $x > N$ implies $|f(x) - L| < \epsilon$ ". (5%)
2. Given recurrence relation $S_0 = 1$ and $S_n = 2S_{n-1} + n$
- (a) Find an explicit formula for S_n . (8%)
- (b) Prove your answer in (a) by mathematical induction. (7%)
3. Let $S = \{a, b, c, d\}$ and $T = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$
- (a) How many one-to-one functions are there from T into S ? (3%)
- (b) How many one-to-one functions are there from S into T ? (3%)
- (c) How many functions are there from S into T ? (4%)
4. Let N be the set of positive integers with the usual ordering, i.e., $1 < 2 < 3 < 4 < \dots$
- (a) Define relation R on $N \times N$ as $R = \{(a, b), (c, d) \mid a \leq c \text{ or } b \leq d\}$
Is R a partial order? Total order? Or neither? Explain your answer. (5%)
- (b) Define relation S on $N \times N$ as $S = \{(a, b), (c, d) \mid \text{If } a < c \text{ or } \text{If } a = c \text{ and } b < d \text{ or } \text{If } a = c \text{ and } b = d\}$
Is S a partial order? Total order? Or neither? Explain your answer. (5%)
5. Please find an addition chain for the integer 90. (10%)
6. Please construct a grammar for the language $L = \{a^i b^{2i} \mid i \geq 1\}$. (10%)
7. Please construct an optimal prefix code for the symbols A, O, Q, U, Y , and Z that occur (in a given sample) with frequencies 20, 28, 4, 17, 12, and 7, respectively. (10%)
8. Show that a circuit and the complement of any spanning tree must have at least one edge in common. (10%)
9. Show that the order of any subgroup of a finite group divides the order of the group. (10%)

