

國立臺灣科技大學

九十一學年度碩士班招生考試試題

系所組別：電機工程系乙二組、電機工程系丙二組

科目：電子學

1. For the circuit shown in Fig.P1,  
 (a) Derive an expression for the transfer function  $V_o/V_i$ . (5%)  
 (b) Find expressions for the magnitude and phase of the response. (5%)

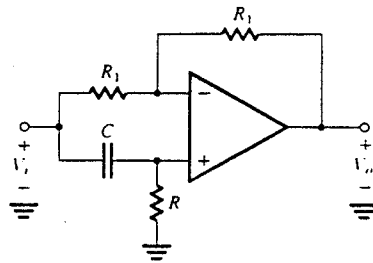


Fig.P1

2. In the circuit of Fig.P2,  $v_s$  is a small sine-wave signal with zero average. The transistor  $\beta$  is 100.  
 (a) Find the value of  $R_E$  to establish a dc emitter current of about 1 mA. (5%)  
 (b) Find  $R_C$  to establish a dc collector voltage of about +5 V. (5%)  
 (c) For  $R_L = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$  and the transistor  $r_o = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$ , draw the small-signal equivalent circuit of the amplifier and determine its overall voltage gain. (10%)

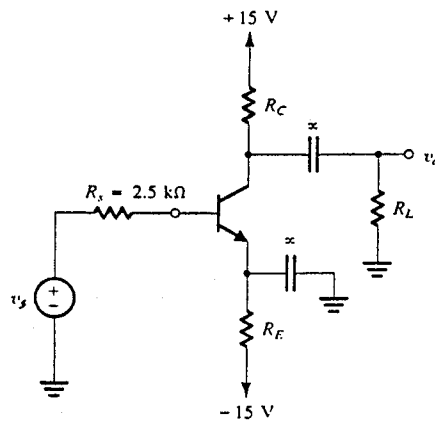


Fig.P2



國立臺灣科技大學

九十一學年度碩士班招生考試試題

系所組別：電機工程系乙二組、電機工程系丙二組

科目：電子學

3. Consider the FET amplifier of Fig.P3 for the case  $V_t = 2\text{V}$ ,  $k_n(W/L) = 1\text{ mA/V}^2$ ,  $V_{GS} = 4\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 10\text{ V}$ , and  $R_D = 3.6\text{ k}\Omega$ .
- Find the dc quantities  $I_D$  and  $V_D$ . (5%)
  - Calculate the value of  $g_m$  at the bias gain. (5%)
  - Calculate the value of the voltage gain. (5%)
  - If the MOSFET has  $\lambda = 0.01\text{ V}^{-1}$ , find  $r_o$  at the bias point and calculate the voltage gain. (5%)

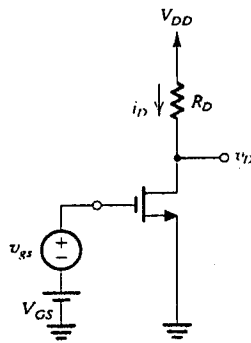


Fig.P3



國立臺灣科技大學  
九十一學年度碩士班招生考試試題

系所組別：電機工程系乙二組、電機工程系丙二組  
科 目：電子學

4. We want to analyze the circuit of Fig. P4. The feedback is provided by  $R_f$  as shown in Fig. P4. In addition, the transistor has  $\beta = 100$ .
- Determine the small-signal voltage gain  $\frac{V_o}{V_s}$  (10%).
  - Determine the input resistance  $R_{in}$  (5%).
  - Determine the output resistance  $R_{out} = R_{of}$  (5%).

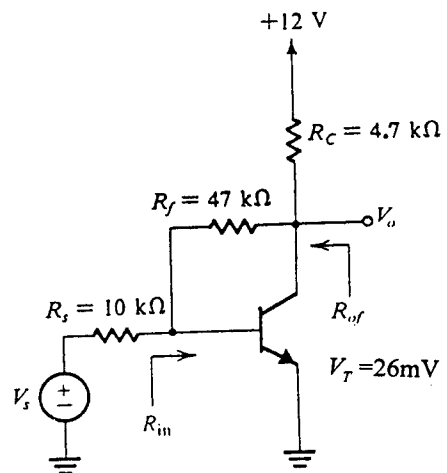


Fig. P4

5. The differential amplifier shown in Fig. P5 is biased with an ideal current source. The signal sources have nonzero output resistances represented by  $R_B$ . The small-signal differential input  $v_d$  is  $v_1 - v_2$ . The transistor parameters are  $\beta = 120$ ,  $V_T$  (the thermal voltage) = 26 mV, and  $V_A$  (the Early Voltage) =  $\infty$ .
- Using the small-signal equivalent circuit, derive the expression for the differential-mode voltage gain  $A_d = v_o / v_d$  (5%).
  - Calculate the value of  $A_d$  (5%).
  - Compute the differential-mode voltage gain obtained when  $R_B = 0$  (5%).

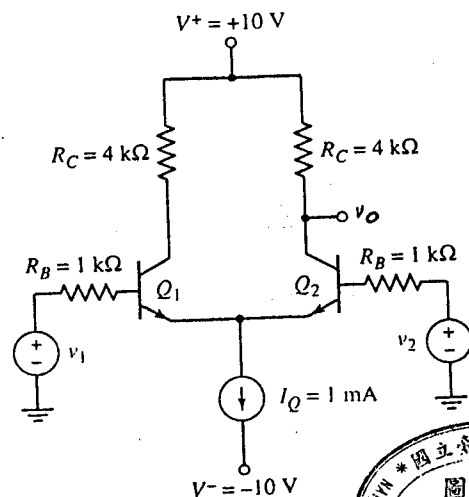


Fig. P5



國立臺灣科技大學

九十一學年度碩士班招生考試試題

系所組別：電機工程系乙二組、電機工程系丙二組

科目：電子學

6. Consider the phase-shift oscillator shown in Fig. P6.

(a) Derive the expression for the frequency of oscillation. (10%)

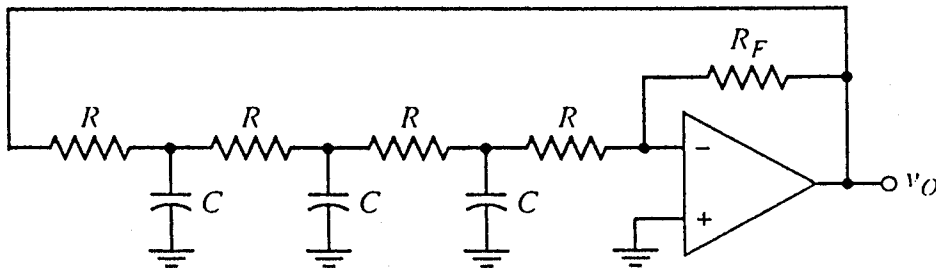
(b) If  $R=5K\Omega$ , find the values of  $C$  and  $R_F$  that will produce sustained oscillations at 5 kHz. (5%)

Fig. P6

