

## 國立台灣科技大學九十六學年度碩士班招生試題

系所組別：電機工程系碩士班丙一組、丙二組

科目：線性代數與機率

總分 100 分

1. (10%) Let  $\mathbf{u}_1 = (2, 1)^T$ ,  $\mathbf{u}_2 = (5, 3)^T$  and let  $L$  be the linear operator that rotates vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^2$  by  $45^\circ$  in the counterclockwise direction. Find the matrix representation of  $L$  with respect to the ordered basis  $[\mathbf{u}_1, \mathbf{u}_2]$ .

2. (15%) Use the fact that the matrices  $A$  and  $U$  are row equivalent, where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & w & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 5 & x & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 7 & y & 2 & -2 \\ 4 & 9 & z & -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad U = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 & 0 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- (a) (4%) What are the values of  $w$ ,  $x$ ,  $y$  and  $z$ ?  
 (b) (5%) Find a basis for the nullspace of  $A$ .  
 (c) (3%) Find the dimension of the row space of  $A^T$ .  
 (d) (3%) How many solutions will the linear system  $A^T x = b$  have if  $b$  is in the column space of  $A^T$ ?

3. (15%) Let  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 2 & 2 \\ -5 & -3 & -2 \\ 5 & 5 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$

- (a) (3%) Find the eigenvalues of  $A$ .  
 (b) (3%) Is  $A$  diagonalizable? Explain.  
 (c) (5%) Show that  $A$  and  $B$  have the same eigenvalues if  $B$  is similar to  $A$ .  
 (d) (4%) Find the determinant of  $-A^3$ .
4. (10%) Find the least squares linear approximation,  $g(x) = a + bx$ , to  $f(x) = x^3$  on the interval  $[0, 2]$  by forming an orthonormal basis first.

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5. (15%)
- (1) Find the probability of  $A \cup B \cup C$ , where  $A, B$  and  $C$  are independent and  $P(A) = 0.3, P(B) = 0.5$  and  $P(C) = 0.2$ .
  - (2) Explain the relationship of uncorrelatedness and independence.
  - (3) Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be zero-mean, unit-variance independent Gaussian random variables. Find the value of  $R$  for which the probability  $(X, Y)$  falls inside a circle of radius  $R$  is  $1/2$ .
6. (15%)
- (1) Let  $X$  be the number of customers waiting for a bus, where the probability that  $k$  customers are waiting is  $P(X = k) = p(1-p)^{k-1}$ ,  $k = 1, 2, \dots$ . Suppose that the bus can take  $M$  passengers. Find the probability mass function for the number of customers left behind.
  - (2) Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be independent random variables that are uniformly distributed in the interval  $[-1, 1]$ . Find the probability density function of  $Z = XY$ .
7. (20%) Let the number of jobs arriving at a shop in a 1-hour period be a Poisson random variable  $N$  with mean  $m = 4$ , i.e.,  $P(N = k) = \frac{m^k}{k!} e^{-m}$ ,  $k = 0, 1, \dots$ . Each job requires  $X_j$  seconds to complete, where  $X_j$ 's are independent and identically distributed random variables that are equal to 3 minutes or 6 minutes with equal probability.
- (1) Find the mean and variance of the total work  $W$  (measured in minutes) arriving in a 1-hour period.
  - (2) Find the probability generating function  $G_W(z) = E[z^W]$ .