



臺灣科大圖書館



書目管理

介紹EndNote書目管理軟體之安裝方式、匯入書目與管理、引用等功能

lib@mail.ntust.edu.tw

© 國立台灣科技大學圖書館系統資訊組 製作

EndNote書目管理軟體功能與特點

- 可提升從文獻收集、管理、到最後論文寫作整個流程的管理工具
- 可自動匯整從多種資料庫等管道收集來的資料。
- 能將文獻分類管理，並將書目、全文、圖表、個人閱讀筆記等各種相關檔案作串連。
- 自動編製符合標準書目格式或國際著名期刊要求之參考文獻格式，協助撰寫論文稿件。

特點



匯入建立
參考文獻
簡單方便



群組管理
參考書目
一目了然



邊寫邊加
書目格式
節省排版



快速發表
搶得先機

EndNote下載路徑

下載路徑: 圖書館首頁 > 研究資源 > 電子資源 > [書目管理軟體EndNote](#)



國立臺灣科技大學
NATIONAL TAIWAN UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

空間預約系統 常用資料庫    圖書館APP  

常用服務 閱讀/電影/資料庫 暢銷/經典/雜誌/電子書 個人借閱 **研究資源** 服務項目 關於本館

館藏資源
館藏目錄查詢

1 電子資源
Science 電子期刊
書目管理軟體EndNote

查詢系統
電子資料庫查詢
電子期刊/電子書資源

其他
學科網頁
語言學習區

書目管理軟體EndNote

EndNote 軟體說明 2 EndNote 軟體下載 (須登入帳密)

EndNote-常用資料庫匯入方式 EndNote-台科大館藏匯入方式

3 EndNote 軟體下載 (須登入帳密)
下載頁面: [EndNote書目管理軟體](#) (<<按此連結進入下載頁面, 必須先登入圖書館之帳號密碼識別身分後才能下載)
請於校園網域內下載本軟體, 安裝於個人電腦使用。本軟體僅限於本校教職員工及學生使用, 請遵守智慧財產權, 以免觸法。

下載注意事項

點選EndNote書目管理軟體，出現登入認證視窗

Login

系統預設帳密		
身分	帳號	密碼
專任教師/職員	員工編號	身分證字號
學生	學號	身分證字號
外籍學生	學號	學號
兼任教師	條碼號	身分證字號

Please enter the following information:
Please enter: Student : Student ID / Faculty : **Employee Number** / Al
your library card.
ID:
Please enter: Student & Employee using personal identification numb
PIN:
(Alumni cannot login and use e-Resources off campus)

- 如有安裝舊版，請先備份個人library並移除舊版程式後，再重新下載安裝。
- 安裝前請先關閉所有Microsoft Office軟體，否則無法有效安裝。
- ★ Windows 版本下載檔案為壓縮檔，請務必按滑鼠右鍵選擇解壓縮檔案或解壓縮全部。
- MAC電腦請另依照MAC版安裝說明操作

安裝教學 (for Windows)

1. 下載之檔案為壓縮檔

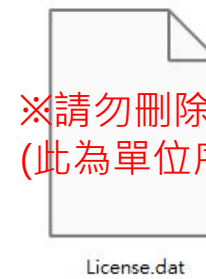


Endnote 2025

2. 按右鍵解壓縮



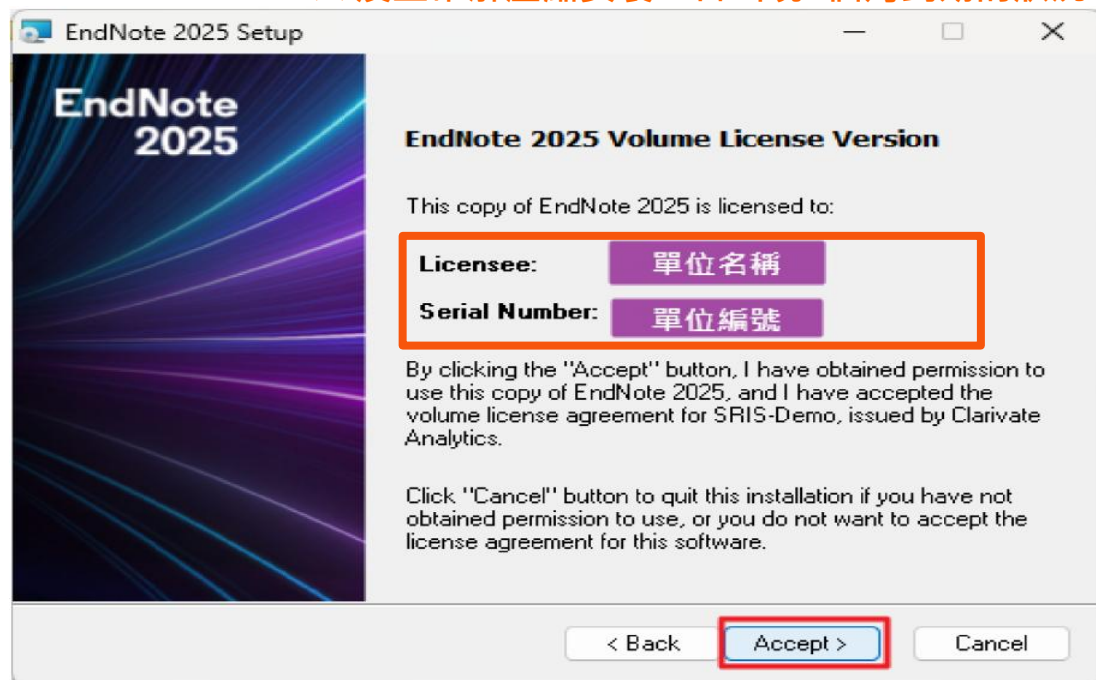
3. 點選安裝檔進行安裝



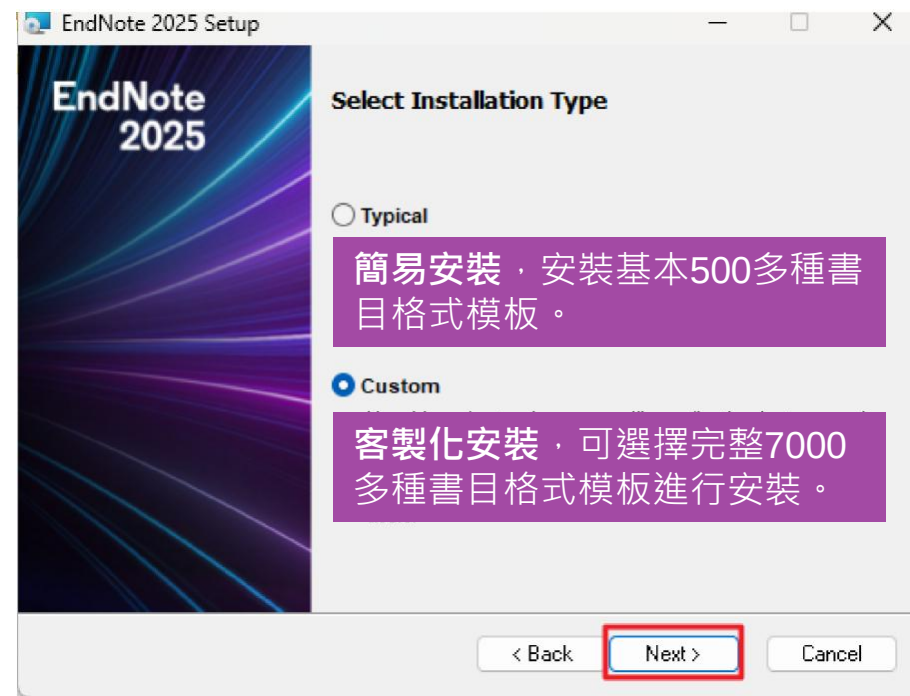
※請勿刪除!
(此為單位序號)

4. 有出現License: NTUST 才是安裝正確步驟

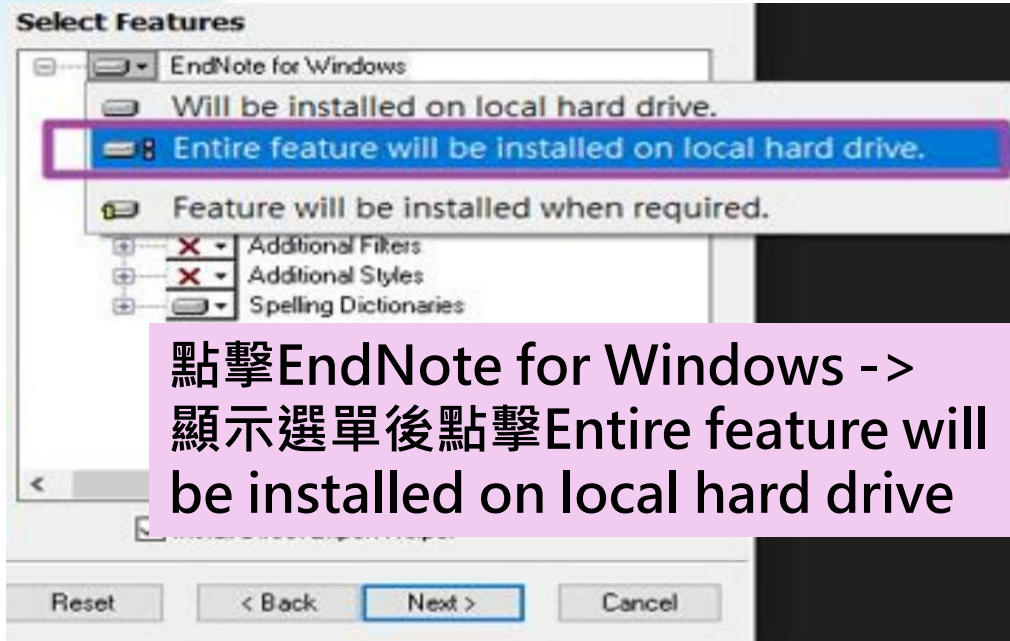
※ 沒正確解壓縮安裝，會出現1個月到期的狀況



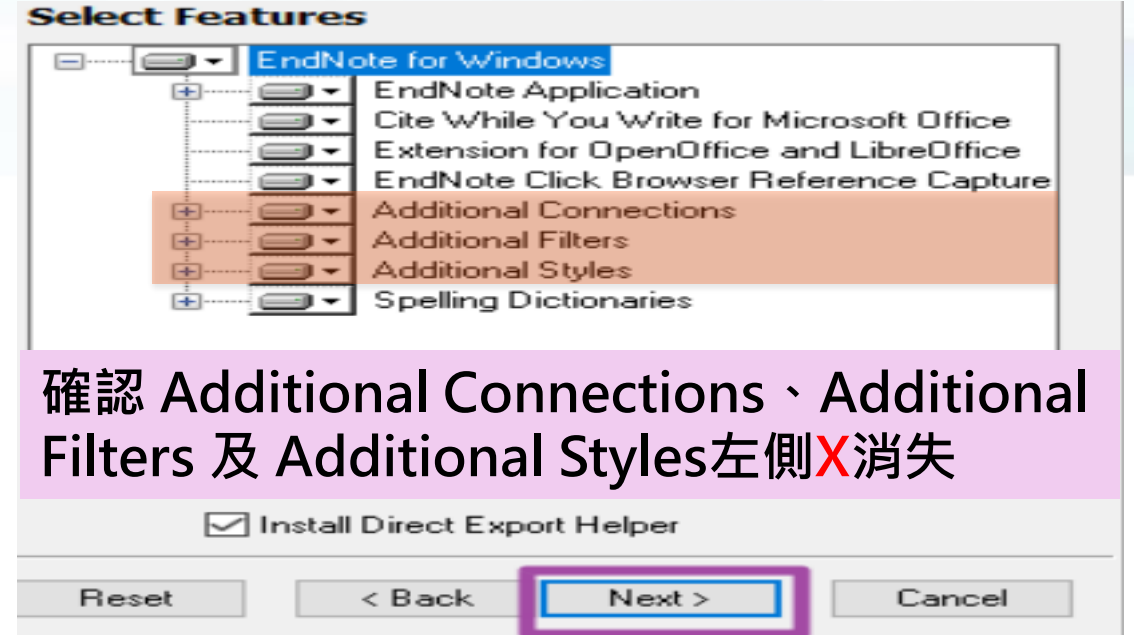
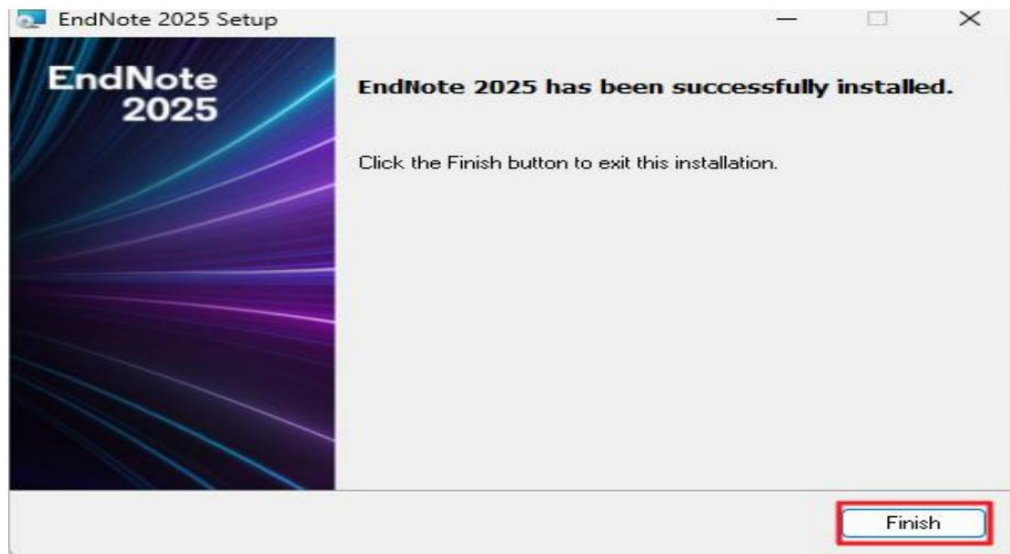
5. 選擇安裝型態-書目格式



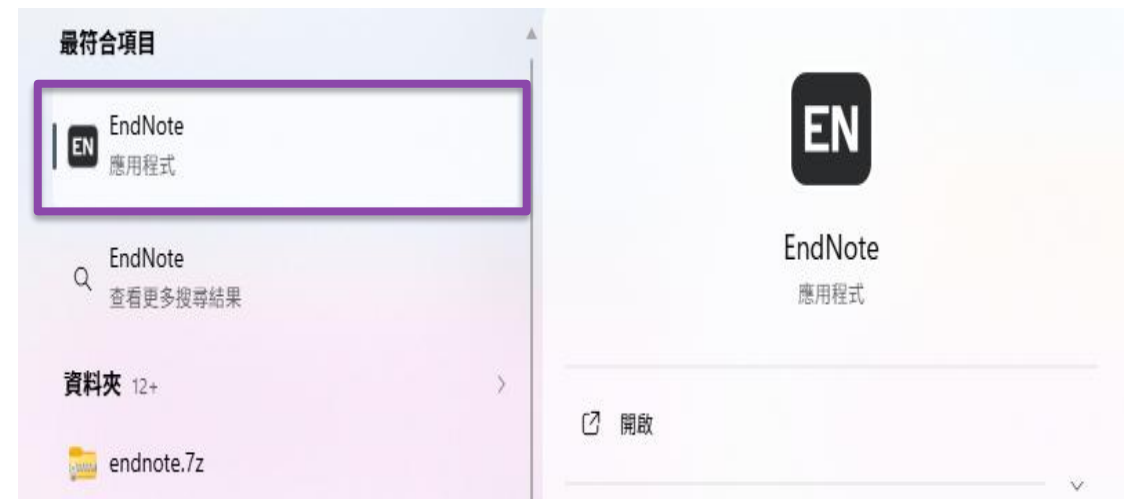
注意安裝細節-Select Features



安裝完成



可於工具列> 找出EndNote 程式



EndNote使用方式

建立 Library

File → New...
請記得存檔的路徑
(儲存電腦本機端
硬碟)

匯入書目

自建書目
從資料庫轉入
以PDF檔案匯入

管理書目

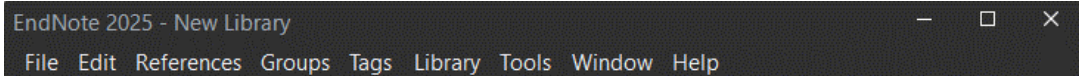
查詢與編修
群組分類管理
剔除重複書目
管理功能

撰寫引用

插入引文和書目
編修引文資料
書目資料分類

備份資料

Compress Library
同步功能



Set up EndNote Library

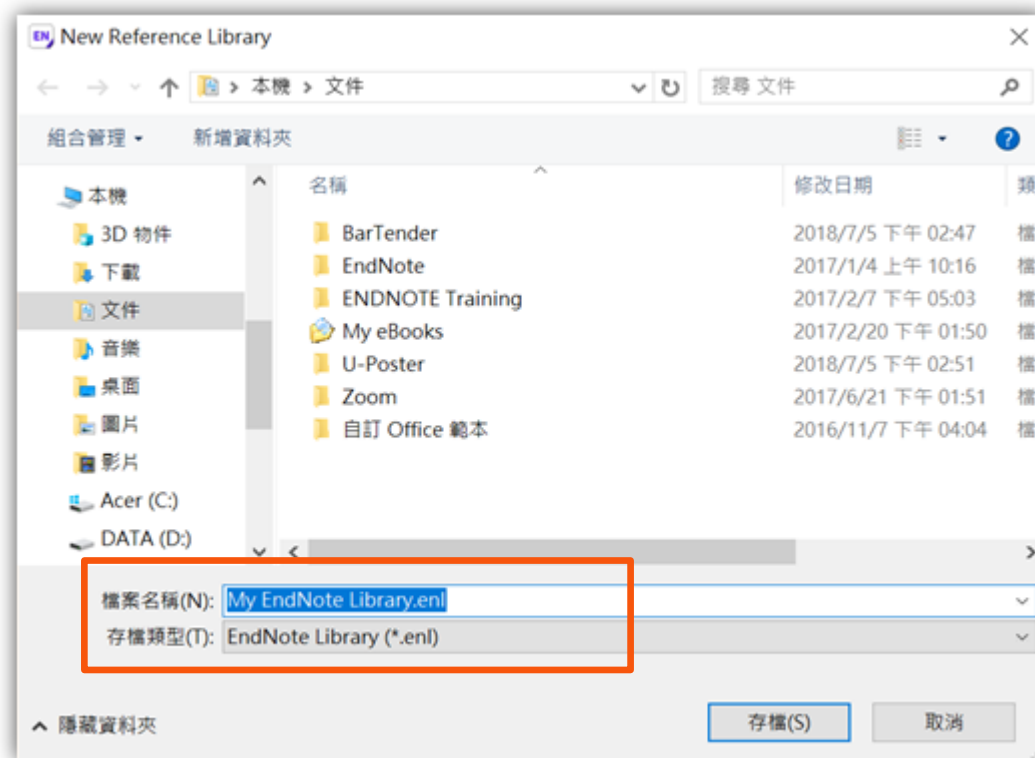
If you already have an EndNote library, please locate it and we'll get it set up.

Open an existing library

Alternatively, you can start from scratch with a new library.

Create a new library

第一次使用請建立新的library



產生書目方式1:資料匯入 –自資料庫直接匯入

資料庫匯出的選項可能是:

Export, Download, Cite, EndNote, Save, Send to..., Citation manager, Citation, RIS format...
(輸出、匯出、引用、儲存)

下載後的檔案直接點選自動匯入:

*.**enw** / *.**ris** / *.ciw / *.nbib

資料庫直接匯入-WOS資料庫

5G (主題)

1

於資料庫輸入檢索查詢的關鍵字



複製查詢結果連結

54,823 文獻

您可能也會喜歡...

分析結果

引用文獻報告

建立追蹤

限縮結果

匯出精簡結果

在結果內檢索...



快速篩選

- ☐ 評審文章 1,931
- ☐ Early Access 560
- ☐ 開放取用 25,199
- ☐ 被引參考文獻深度分析 16,539
- ☐ 開啟發行者邀請的評審 101

出版年分

- ☐ 顯示最終出版年份
- ☐ 2027 1
 - ☐ 2026 4,480
 - ☐ 2025 6,018
 - ☐ 2024 5,756

2

勾選書目



Sequential deposition as

Burschka, J; Pellet, N; (...); Grätzel, M
Jul 18 2013 | NATURE 499(7458),Following pioneering work(1), solution-processed perovskite solar cells have attracted attention as light-harvesting materials deposited in a single step onto mesoporous TiO₂ scaffolds.

出版商的全文 來自典藏庫的免費預覽



What Will 5G Be?

Andrews, JG; Buzzi, S; (...); Zhang, JC
Jun 2014 | IEEE JOURNAL ON SELECTED TOPICS IN SIGNAL PROCESSING 8(6), pp.1065-1082

What will 5G be? What it will not be is a paradigm shift. The previous four generations of cellular technology have each been a major paradigm shift, but 5G is different. It includes very high data rates, low latency, and massive machine-type communications.

出版商的全文 來自典藏庫的免費預覽

匯出

EndNote Online

EndNote 桌面版

新增至我的研究人員個人檔案

純文字檔案

RefWorks

RIS (其他參考軟體)

BibTeX

Excel

Tab 字元分隔檔案

可列印 HTML 檔案

InCites

5 滑鼠點兩下左鍵轉入library



savedrecs (7).ciw

3

匯出Endnote 桌面版

4

記錄內容點選完整記錄匯出

將記錄匯出至 EndNote 桌面版

記錄選項

☒ 您已選取 7 個結果以進行匯出☐ 頁面上的所有記錄☐ 記錄自: 1 到 1000

一次不可超過 1000 筆記錄

記錄內容:

完整記錄

匯出

取消

資料庫直接匯入-EndNote畫面

 savedrecs (7).ciw ^

找到下載後的檔案 (*.enw / *.ris / *.ciw / *.nbib)
滑鼠點兩下左鍵即可轉入library

EndNote 2025 - My EndNote Library.enl

File Edit References Groups Tags Library Tools Window Help

Library Status

Imported References +

All References 12

Imported References 7

Recently Added 12

Unfiled 12

Trash

MY GROUPS

My Groups

MY TAGS +

FIND FULL TEXT

GROUPS SHARED BY O...

ONLINE SEARCH +

Jisc Library Hub Discov...

Library of Congress

PubMed (NLM)

Web of Science Core C...

Imported References

7 References

	Author	Year	Title	Journal	Last Updated	Reference Type
	Andrews, JG; Buzzi, S; C...	2014	What Will 5G Be?	Ieee Journal on Selected ...	2026/9/29	Journal Article
	Burschka, J; Pellet, N; M...	2013	Sequential deposition as a route to hi...	Nature	2026/9/29	Journal Article
	Liu, F; Cui, YH; Masouro...	2022	Integrated Sensing and Communicati...	Ieee Journal on Selected ...	2026/9/29	Journal Article
	Mao, YY; You, CS; Zhan...	2017	A Survey on Mobile Edge Computing:...	Ieee Communications Sur...	2026/9/29	Journal Article
	Rappaport, TS; Sun, S; ...	2013	Millimeter Wave Mobile Communicat...	Ieee Access	2026/9/29	Journal Article
	Saad, W; Bennis, M; Ch...	2020	A Vision of 6G Wireless Systems: App...	Ieee Network	2026/9/29	Journal Article
	Tsai, HH; Nie, WY; Blan...	2016	High-efficiency two-dimensional Rud...	Nature	2026/9/29	Journal Article

已自動轉入library

資料庫直接匯入-Google Scholar (單筆)

Google 學術搜尋 空氣汙染 1 輸入要查詢的關鍵字

文章 約有 20,200 項結果 (0.03 秒)

我的個人學術檔案 我的圖書館

不限時間
2024 以後
2023 以後
2020 以後
自訂範圍...

按照關聯性排序
按日期排序

不限語言
搜尋所有中文網頁
搜尋繁體中文網頁

不限類型
評論性文章

☒ 包含專利
☒ 只包含書目/引用資料

提示：如只要搜尋繁體中文的結果，可使用學術搜尋設定指定搜尋語言。

[HTML] 空氣污染与气候变化
丁一汇, et al. 浓度... 粒子造成... 空气污染和气候...
变化在很大程度上有共同的原因,即主要都是由矿物燃料燃烧的排放造成,因而减轻和控制空气污...
☆ 儲存 引用 被引用 86 次 相关文章 全部共 5 个版本

[PDF] 空气污染对企业生产率的影响
李卫兵, 张... 管理世界, 2019 - swg.zju.edu.cn

2 點選雙引號單筆匯出

引用

MLA 丁一汇, et al. "空气污染与气候变化." 气象 35.3 (2009): 3-14.

APA 丁一汇, 李巧萍, 柳艳菊, 张莉, 宋亚芳, & 张锦. (2009). 空气污染与气候变化. 气象, 35(3), 3-14.

ISO 690 丁一汇, et al. 空气污染与气候变化. 气象, 2009, 35.3: 3-14.

BibTeX EndNote RefMan RefWorks

3 選擇EndNote格式

4 滑鼠點兩下左鍵轉入library

scholar.enw

未登入帳號
利用雙引號單筆匯出

資料庫直接匯入-Google Scholar(快捷鍵)

匯入書目

1 開啟設定



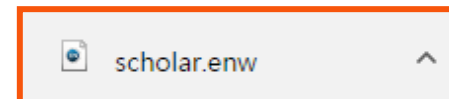
2 顯示導入選擇EndNote > 儲存



3 檢索結果會出現導入EndNote選項



4 點擊即下載EndNote格式



資料庫直接匯入-Google Scholar (批次)

匯入書目

Google 學術搜尋

空氣汙染



1

登入帳號



文章

約有 20,100 項結果 (0.02 秒)

3

開啟我的圖書館



我的圖書館

4

全部匯出>EndNote

2

利用星號 ★ 將文章加入我的圖書館

[HTML] 空氣污染与气候变化

☆ 儲存 99 引用 被引用 86 次 相關文章 全部共 5 個版本 導入EndNote

[PDF] 空氣污染对企业生产率的影响

李工兵, 张凯霞 - 管理世界, 2019 - swg.zju.edu.cn

... 秦岭—淮河分界线南,北供暖政策的差异造成分界线两侧空气污染的断点(见图2),从而为本文准确识别空气污染对企业生产率的影响提供了契机.使用RD方法需满足两个基本条件:一是断点...

☆ 儲存 99 引用 被引用 26 次 相關文章 全部共 3 個版本 導入EndNote

[PDF] 交通相关空气污染的健康影响研究进展

黄婧, 郭新彪 - 中国环境科学, 2014 - zghjxx.com.cn

... 响,致突变和致癌作用,污染物与其他因素的联合作用以及交通相关空气污染控制的人群健康效益几方面,并对今后研究的发展前景进行... 早期在挪威进行的一项调查研究分析结果显示,当...

☆ 儲存 99 引用 被引用 20 次 相關文章 全部共 4 個版本 導入EndNote

我的圖書館

全部匯出

- BibTeX
- EndNote
- RefMan
- CSV

所有文章

閱讀清單

垃圾桶

管理標籤...

館中的所有文章

空氣污染

污染时空分布特征及主要成因分析

王冠凤, 薛建军, 张建忠 - 气象与环境科学, 2016 - qxyhjxx.com.cn

为进一步了解京津冀区域空气污染状况与工业排放,气象条件的使用环保部2014年空气质量日报数据对京津冀地区13个城市3

99 引用 加上標籤 删除

交通相关空气污染的健康影响研究进展

黄婧, 郭新彪 - 中国环境科学, 2014 - zghjxx.com.cn

交通相关空气污染的健康影响研究进展 Page 1 中国环境科学2

Environmental Science 交通相关空气污染的健康影响研究进展

99 引用 加上標籤 删除

5

滑鼠點兩下左鍵轉入library



citations.enw

資料庫直接匯入-國圖論文系統

匯入書目



臺灣博碩士論文知識加值系統
National Digital Library of Theses and Dissertations in Taiwan

網站導覽 | 首頁 | 關於本站 | 聯絡我們 | 國圖首頁 | 常見問題 | 操作說明
English | FB 專頁 | Mobile
免費會員 登入 | 註冊

一般民眾 | 研究人員 | 校院系所及研究生

論文查詢 | 排行榜 | 影音圖像 | 主題館 | 我的研究室 | NDLTD查詢

(140.118.33.108) 您好！臺灣時間：2024/12/27 11:01

簡易檢索

檢索結果 [點我建議檢索詞](#)

檢索策略："深度學習".ti(精準)；檢索結果共 4960 筆資料 [檢視檢索歷史](#)

在 不限欄位 確定

1 / 248 頁 跳至 每頁顯示 20 筆

全選 書目資料(有 ☐ 者，表示該論文之電子全文已獲授權於網際網路開放免費下載。)

☒

1. 深度學習網路之研究及其應用
國立中正大學 / 電機工程研究所 / 100 / 碩士 / 工程學門 / 電資工程學類
研究生:盧立偉
指導教授:許宏銘
論文種類：學術論文
[電子全文](#)
[國圖紙本論文](#)
被引用:7 點閱:3894 評分:★★★★★ 下載:1043 書目收藏:1

☒

2. 藉由深度學習架構進行肺結節分類問題
國立臺灣科技大學 / 資訊工程系 / 102 / 碩士 / 工程學門 / 電資工程學類
研究生:張益華
指導教授:花凱龍
論文種類：學術論文
[電子全文](#)
[國圖紙本論文](#)
被引用:1 點閱:1355 評分:★★★★★ 下載:27 書目收藏:1

輸出管理 | 查詢結果分類 | 主題知識地圖
彙集分析輸出紀錄 (輸出上限：30 筆)
☒ 勾選紀錄(2)筆
☐ 所有勾選紀錄(2)筆輸出欄位 (完整欄位請先登入國圖會員帳號)
☐ 簡易書目書目資料輸出格式
☐ APA Style
☐ Chicago (Turabian) Style
☐ MLA Style
☐ CNS-13611 Style
☐ CSE Style
☒ RIS format(EndNote - RefWorks...)輸出字碼
☒ UTF-8
☐ BIG5
☐ GB2312輸出 | 轉寄 | 預覽及儲存
TXT檔 儲存

選擇RIS format > 儲存

滑鼠點兩下左鍵轉入library

fb200909.ris

產生書目方式2:資料匯入 – PDF匯入

PDF匯入分為單篇與多篇匯入
無論是哪一種匯入，在PDF檔前2頁需要有DOI碼

※ 目前不支援中文PDF檔與圖檔式PDF

What is DOI? 數位物件識別碼 (英語 : Digital Object Identifier)

<https://zh.wikipedia.org/wiki/DOI>

PDF匯入:單篇PDF檔案

注意：可以成功匯入PDF檔書目資料的前提是該篇文章前2頁具有DOI碼

The screenshot displays the EndNote 2025 software interface. The 'File' menu is open, showing options like 'New...', 'Open Library...', 'Close', 'Save', 'Export...', 'Import', 'Print...', and 'Exit'. The 'Import' option is highlighted, and a sub-menu is visible with 'File...' and 'Folder...' options. A purple arrow points from the 'File...' option to the 'Import File' dialog box. The dialog box has fields for 'Import File:' (with a 'Choose...' button), 'Import Option:' (set to 'PDF'), 'Duplicates:' (set to 'Import All'), and 'Text Translation:' (set to 'No Translation'). The 'Import' button is highlighted with a red box. In the background, a table of references is visible, and a right-hand pane shows details for a selected reference.

Author	Year	Title	Journal	Last Updated	Reference Type
H.; Lee, H.; Jeon, H.	2017				
, S.; Zhang, Q. Y.; H...	2024				
oris, C.; Denazis, S.	2019				
eshi, H. N.; Manalas...	2021				
	2018				
	2018				

Reference Type	Journal Article
Author	
Year	2018
Title	5G Update: Standards Accelerating 5G Depl
Journal	Microwave Journal
Volume	61
Part/Supplement	
Issue	5
Pages	24-38

點選**File**→**Import**→**File**，出現Import File視窗，利用Choose鍵選擇欲匯入之PDF檔路徑。Import Option選擇PDF，點選Import後，則會匯入該篇PDF檔和書目資料。

PDF匯入:多篇PDF檔案

File → Import → Folder, 出現Import Folder的視窗
用Choose鍵選擇資料夾的路徑

The screenshot displays the EndNote 2025 application window. The 'File' menu is open, and the 'Import' option is selected, which has opened the 'Import Folder' dialog box. In this dialog, the 'Import Folder' field is set to ':\CA_EndNote\EndNote_PDF\Full Text\'. The 'Include files in subfolders' and 'Create a Group Set for this import' checkboxes are both checked. The 'Import Option' is set to 'PDF' and 'Duplicates' is set to 'Import All'. A blue arrow points from the 'Choose...' button in the 'Import Folder' dialog to a file explorer window. The file explorer window shows the 'FULL TEXT' folder selected under the 'CH8-CH12' directory.

若希望匯入時可按照原本分設的資料夾層級產生一整個群組命名，可以勾選Create a Group Set for this import選項，再點選Import即可將全部的PDF匯入至Library中並產生群組。

產生書目方式3:自行鍵入

須注意三個地方:

1. 文獻類型 **[Reference Type]** 要選擇正確。
2. 一個作者一行，兩個作者兩行，以此類推。
3. 當以英文輸入作者時
作者姓氏在前要加逗點 → Wang, Da Min
姓氏在後不用加逗點 → Da Min Wang
※同篇書目資料請統一格式

比較快速的作法: 查詢Google Scholar是否有書目後匯入

直接鍵入:自建一筆書目資料

匯入書目

The screenshot displays the EndNote 2025 software interface. The 'References' menu is open, showing options like 'New Reference' (Ctrl+N), 'Edit Reference' (Ctrl+E), and 'Copy References To'. A purple arrow points from the 'New Reference' menu item to the 'New Reference (My EndNote Library.enl)' dialog box. The dialog box has tabs for 'Edit', 'PDF', and 'Edit & PDF'. It contains fields for 'Reference Type' (set to 'Web Page'), 'Author' (Mitra, R.N. Agrawal, D.P.), 'Year' (2015), 'Title' (5G mobile technology), 'Series Editor', and 'Series Title'. A red box highlights the 'Author' field with the text: '在EndNote的欄位中，一個作者一行。若有多位作者要輸入，請利用鍵盤的Enter鍵進行換行' (In the EndNote field, one author per line. If multiple authors need to be entered, use the Enter key on the keyboard to change lines). An orange box highlights the 'Series Editor' and 'Series Title' fields with the text: '若英文姓氏欲輸入在前面得加上逗號，方便程式辨識，如Wu,Tom' (If the English surname is to be entered in front, a comma must be added at the beginning for program recognition, such as Wu,Tom). A purple box with a plus icon and the text '快捷鍵' (Shortcut key) is also visible.

EndNote 2025 - My EndNote Library.enl

File Edit **References** Groups Tags Library Tools Window Help

Sync C All Ref Import Recent Unfiled Trash MY GR 3D My MY TA FIND GROU ONLIN Jisc Library of Congress PubMed (NLM) Web of Science Core C...

New Reference (My EndNote Library.enl)

File Edit References Groups Tags Library Tools Window Help

Edit PDF Edit & PDF

B I U X' X₁ Q Save

Tags Manage tags

Reference Type Web Page

Author Mitra, R.N. Agrawal, D.P.

Year 2015

Title 5G mobile technology

Series Editor

Series Title

快捷鍵

在EndNote的欄位中，一個作者一行。
若有多位作者要輸入，請利用鍵盤的
Enter鍵進行換行

若英文姓氏欲輸入在前面得加上逗號，
方便程式辨識，如Wu,Tom

選擇 References → New reference，出現New Reference的視窗。
先選擇資料的文獻類型Reference Type，再依序輸入作者、年代、標題等相關書目資訊。

自動查找全文-Find Full Text

EndNote的全文查找，主要查找：

利用Find Full Text功能可自動連結書目到館內所訂購的資料庫查找全文(視購買範圍)

必須為 **西文** 且有 **DOI** 的文獻，有全文會以迴紋針圖案顯示
(此功能並非支援每個資料庫)

※ 查找全文請勿一次太多筆 (合理範圍內下載)

小功能~自動找全文/查找書目

查找書目

1 點選書目，按住Ctrl鍵可複選

2 按滑鼠右鍵找Find Full Text

自動找全文快捷鍵

利用Find Full Text功能可自動連結書目到館內所訂購的資料庫查找全文(視購買範圍)

※ 查找全文請勿一次查找太多筆，有上限筆數限制

Find Full Text

Author	Year	Title	Reference Type
Lake, D.; Wan...	2021	Softwarization of 5G Networks-Implic...	Journal Article
Mafakheri, B...	2021	Smart Contracts in the 5G Roaming Ar...	Journal Article
Nightingale, ...	2018	5G-QoE: QoE Modelling for Ultra-HD ...	Journal Article
Pawlak, R.; Kr...	2019	On Measuring Electromagnetic Fields ...	Journal Article
Yu, H.; Lee, H...	2017	What is 5G? Emerging 5G Mobile Serv...	Journal Article

3 找到該書目全文，並同時夾帶PDF(迴紋針)

手動夾帶

Found PDF

Author	Year	Title	Journal	Last Updated	Reference Type
Lake, D.; Wan...	2021	Softwarization of 5G Networks-Implic...	Ieee Access	2021/9/10	Journal Article
Pawlak, R.; Kr...	2019	On Measuring Electromagnetic Fields ...	Ieee Access	2021/9/10	Journal Article
Yu, H.; Lee, H...	2017	What is 5G? Emerging 5G Mobile Serv...	Sustainability	2021/9/10	Journal Article

Lake-2021-Softwarization of 5G Networks-Implic.pdf (My EndNote Library.enl)

File Edit PDF Window Help

1 / 29 100%

IEEE Access

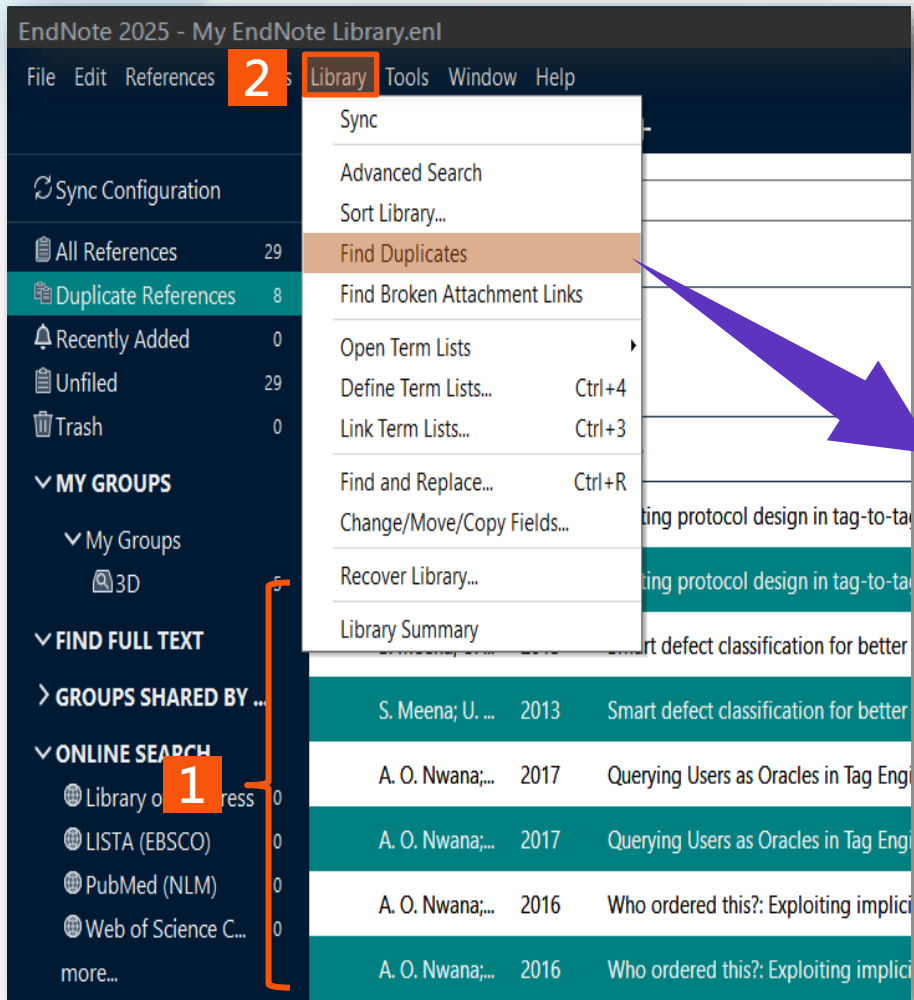
Received March 17, 2021, accepted April 5, 2021, date of publication April 8, 2021, date of current version June 28, 2021.
Digital Object Identifier 10.1109/ACCESS.2021.3071649

Softwarization of 5G Networks-Implications to

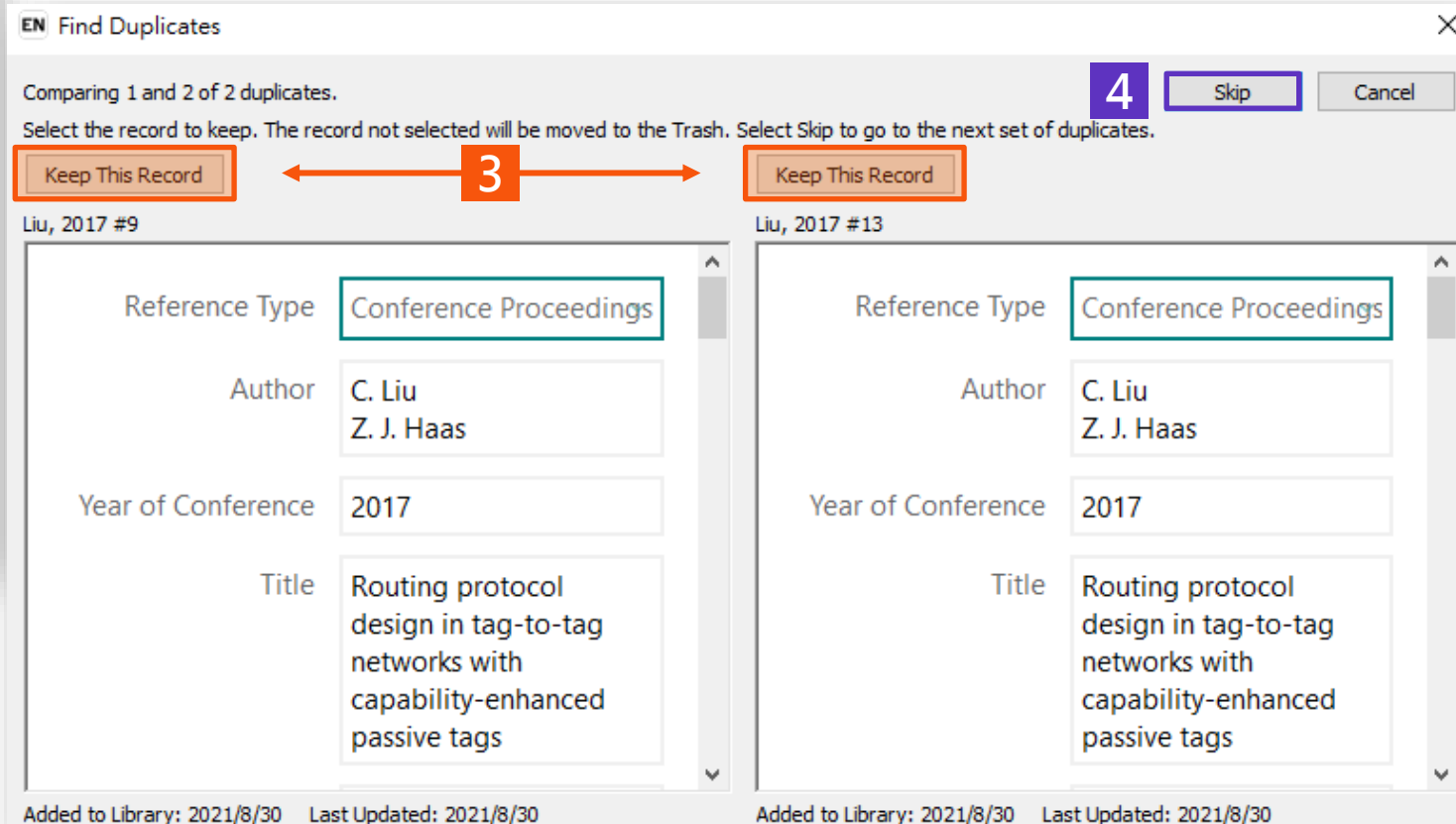
21

重覆書目管理/刪除

管理書目



- 1 選取好(全選)所有參考書目
- 2 **Library > Find Duplicates**，會出現兩兩比較的視窗
- 3 可從兩邊的資料來確定資料保留與否，保留某一篇，點選**Keep This Record**
- 4 都須保留可以**Skip**



EndNote 2025 - My EndNote Library.enl

File Edit References Groups Library Tools Window Help

My Groups +

Sync Configuration

All References 20

Imported References 8

Recently Added 20

Unfiled 20

Trash 0

▼ MY GROUPS

> My Groups

▼ FIND FULL TEXT

Not found 2

▼ GROUPS SHARED BY ...

▼ ONLINE SEARCH

Library of Congress

My Groups

0 References

Advanced search

My Groups

0 References

Author Year Title Journal Last Updated

Create Group

Create Smart Group...

Create From Groups...

Create Group Set

Rename Group Set

Delete Group Set

Open in New Tab

Groups

- 1 Create Group : 可自己將書目拖曳
- 2 Create Smart Group : 根據預設的條件自動分類
- 3 Create From Groups : 將既有的多個Groups以 AND(交集)、OR(聯集)、NOT(差集)的關係結合書目



群組分類-Group

My EndNote Library.enl

File Edit Refer **1 Groups** Tags Library Tools Window Help

Create Group
Create Smart Group...
Create From Groups...

Group (一般群組): 使用者自訂分類

3D printing
0 References

Advanced search

3D printing 2 輸入群組名稱(自訂)

3 3 選取書目拖移至Group

Unfiled 48
Trash 76

MY GROUPS

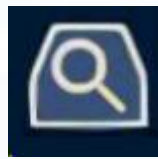
3D printing
5G 8
My Groups

MY TAGS +

1_Introduction緒論 3
2_Method研究方法 3
3_Results研究結果 4
4_Discussion討論 3
待驗證
優先閱讀 3

All References

Author	Year	Title	Journal	Last Updated	Reference Type
陳宛榆	2020	3D 列印印前技術之研究	中華印刷科技年報	2025/2/24	Journal Article
王明旭; 楊朝陽	2014	3D 列印技術與應用		2025/2/4	Journal Article
吳顯東	2013	3D 列印材料發展現況與趨勢	臺北市: 資策會產...	2025/2/4	Journal Article
許立涵; 佟心平; 林思...	2017	3D 列印的發展與應用	圖資與檔案學刊	2025/2/4	Journal Article
楊榮森	2019	3D 列印科技的原理與應用	台灣醫學	2025/2/4	Journal Article
Park, S. H.; Su, R.; Jeong...	2018	3D Printed Polymer Photodetectors	Adv Mater	2025/2/4	Journal Article
蘇怡菁,	2020	3D列印之列印速度與列印溫度對PLA與PETG工件的機械...	工業工程與管理系	2025/2/4	Thesis
蔡政宏,	2017	3D列印動漫公仔前置作業與其列印失敗因素之影響-以...	多媒體與電腦娛...	2025/2/4	Thesis
Yang, S.; Zhang, Q. Y.; H...	2024	5G Indoor Positioning Error Correction Based on 5G-PECNN	Sensors	2025/2/5	Journal Article



群組分類-Smart Group

EndNote 2025 - My EndNote Library

File Edit References Groups

Groups

建立Smart Group(智慧群組) · EndNote會將符合篩選條件的文獻自動匯入相關群組

Sync Configuration

All References

Recently Added

Unfiled

Trash

MY GROUPS

My Groups

MY TAGS

FIND FULL TEXT

GROUPS SHARED

ONLINE SEARCH

Jisc Library Hub Discover

Library of Congress

PubMed (NLM)

Web of Science Core Collection (...)

Create Group

Create Smart Group...

Create From Groups...

Create Group

Create Smart Group...

Create From Groups...

My Groups

0 References

Smart Group

Smart Group Name:

3D

Title

Contains

3D

And

Year

Contains

And

Title

Contains

Options

Create

Cancel

3

使用者訂下篩選條件，符合的文獻資料自動進入該群組 (例如Title為3D的群組)

4

已經自動建立3D群組

Recently Added

Unfiled

Trash

MY GROUPS

My Groups

3D

3D

5 References

Author

Year

Title

Journal

Last Updated

Cui, Y.; Li, C.; ...

2022

Rheological & 3D printing prope...

Journal of F...

2021/8/30

Kapoor, A.; K...

2022

COVID-19 Safe Clinical Dentistry: Appl...

Lecture Not...

2021/8/30



群組分類-From Groups

From Groups (集合群組)，利用現有群組進行交集、聯集或是排除而產生的群組分類

1

Groups

Create Group
Create Smart Group...
Create From Groups...

MY GROUPS

3D printing 10
5G
Deep learning

Create Group
Create Smart Group...
Create From Groups...

Create From Groups

Use these options to create a new Group based on the criteria below:

Group Name: 3D printing and deep learning

Include References in:

3D printing

And

Select a Group

My Groups

3D printing
5G
Deep learning

Create

Cancel

3D printing and deep learning

2 References

Author	Year	Title	Journal	Last Updated	Reference Type
Khadilkar, Aditya; Wan...	2019	Deep learning-based stress prediction for bottom-up SLA 3...	The International J...	2025/2/25	Journal Article
Rojek, Izabela; Mikołaj...	2021	Traditional artificial neural networks versus deep learning in ...	Materials	2025/2/25	Journal Article

2

輸入群組名稱(自訂)

3

選擇要集合的群組
並選擇布林邏輯 (And, Or, Not)
符合的文獻資料自動進入該群組

4

符合的文獻資料自動進入該群組

標籤分類-Tags

My EndNote Library.enl

File Edit References Groups Tags Library Tools Window Help

Sync Status

All References 56

Recently Added

點擊右上角+號，可快速進入 Create Tag 新增一個Tag

> My Groups

MY TAGS +

- 1_Introduction緒論 3
- 2_Method研究方法 2
- 3_Results研究結果 4
- 4_Discussion討論 2
- 優先閱讀 3

FIND FULL TEXT

GROUPS SHARED BY OTHERS

Create Tag

待驗證

- Red
- Orange
- Yellow
- Green
- Blue
- Purple
- Gray

Create Tag

Tag出現在Title右邊，預覽書目最多可顯示3個Tag

Title	Journal	Last Updat...	Reference Type
Service Le... 	Ieee Access	2025/2/24	Journal Article
Effect of prin... 	Journal of Material...	2025/2/4	Journal Article
Design and ... 	Machine Learning ...	2025/2/4	Book Section

在 My Tags 區塊 按右鍵 呈現 Tag 功能選單

Create Tag...

Rename Tag

Edit Tag...

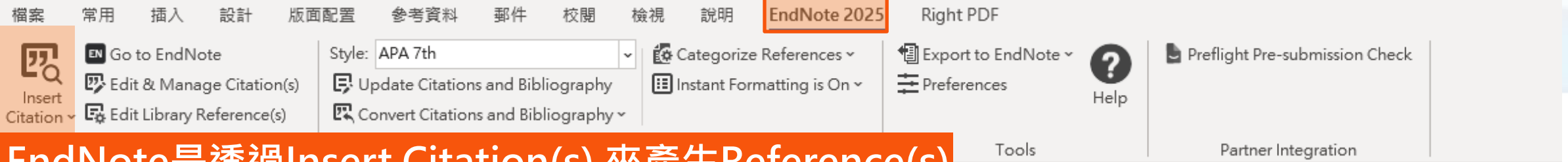
Delete Tag

Open in New Tab

- 1 右鍵開啟選單，點擊Create Tag
- 2 填寫Tag名稱並選擇顏色
- 3 將書目拖移至所需Tag(s)

Citation & Reference

撰寫引用



EndNote是透過Insert Citation(s) 來產生Reference(s)

Artificial intelligence (AI) in medicine and digital assistance systems such as chatbots will play an increasingly important role in future doctor - patient communication.^[1-3] The potential of this technical innovation and ensure optimal patient care, future physicians should be equipped with the appropriate skills. Accordingly, a suitable place for the management and adaptation of digital assistance systems must be found in the medical education curriculum.

參考文獻Reference(s)

1. Segrelles-Calvo, G., A.M. De Granda-Beltrán, and J.I. De Granda-Orive, *Chatbots to stop smoking: is this the future?* Adicciones, 2021. **33**(1): p. 73-74.
2. Schmidlen, T., et al., *Patient assessment of chatbots for the scalable delivery of genetic counseling.* J Genet Couns, 2019. **28**(6): p. 1166-1177.
3. Rathnayaka, P., et al., *A Mental Health Chatbot with Cognitive Skills for Personalised Behavioural Activation and Remote Health Monitoring.* Sensors (Basel), 2022. **22**(10).

插入引文Citation - 從Word

撰寫引用

檔案 常用 插入 設計 版面配置 參考資料 郵件 校閱 檢視 說明 EndNote 2025 Right PDF

1 選擇書目格式Style，例如：Numbered。

2 在Word中放置好游標位置

3 Insert Citation

4 輸入關鍵字，點Find檢索

5 選擇欲插入之Reference，點選Insert即可插入Citations (引文)，並於文末自動產生參考文獻Reference(s)

EndNote 21 Find & Insert My References

chatbot Find

Author	Year	Title
Moldt	2023	Chatbots for future docs: exploring medical students' attitudes and knowledge towards artificial intelligence
Rathnayaka	2022	A Mental Health Chatbot with Cognitive Skills for Personalised Behavioural Activation and Remote Health
Schmidlen	2019	Patient assessment of chatbots for the scalable delivery of genetic counseling
Segrelles...	2021	Chatbots to stop smoking: is this the future?

Insert Cancel Help



異常問題：Citations(引用)插入文獻出現奇怪的大括號與井號，無法產生參考文獻

{Segrelles-Calvo, 2021 #127}

解決辦法

Style: Numbered

2 Update Citations and Bibliography

1 Turn Instant Formatting On

Configure Instant Formatting...

Export to EndNote Manuscript Matcher

References Tools

編輯引文 / 參考文獻

檔案 常用 插入 設計 版面配置 參考資料 郵件 校閱 檢視

EN Go to EndNote

Edit & Manage Citation(s)

Edit Library Reference(s)

Citations Bibliography

若需編輯參考文獻，可利用Edit Reference 進入EndNote Library 中編輯

EndNote 21 Edit & Manage Citations

Citation	Count	Library
[1-3]		
Segrelles-Calvo, 2021 #...	1	My EndNote Library
Schmidlen, 2019 #128	1	My EndNote Library
Rathnayaka, 2022 #129	1	My EndNote Library

Edit Reference |

Edit Reference |

Edit Reference |

Edit Library Reference

Find Reference Updates...

Remove Citation

Insert Citation

Update from My Library...

Segrelles..., 2021 #127 Summary Edit PDF

B I U X¹ X₁ Q

Save

Tags Manage tags

Reference Type Journal Article

Author Segrelles-Calvo, G.
De Granda-Beltrán, A. M.
De Granda-Orive, J. I.

- 查看該參考文獻是否有更新的書目資料內容
- 移除引文
- 插入引文
- 從現有library中更新資料

Edit Citation Reference

Formatting: Default

Prefix 請參照

Suffix 圖1

Pages: 127

Tools

OK Cancel Help

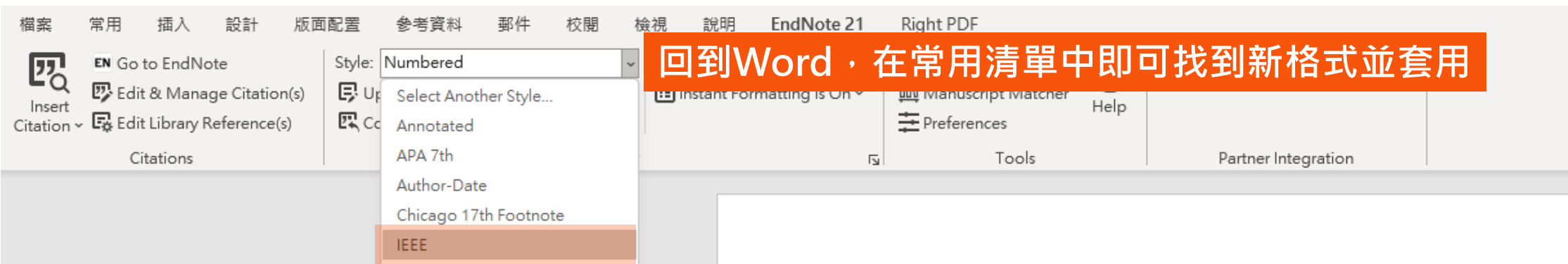
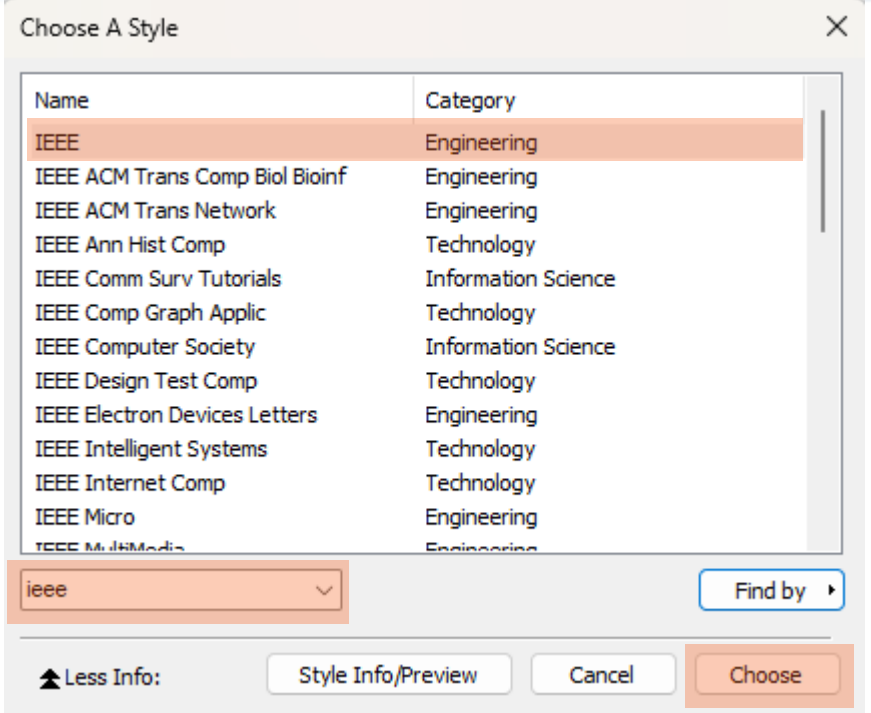
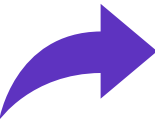
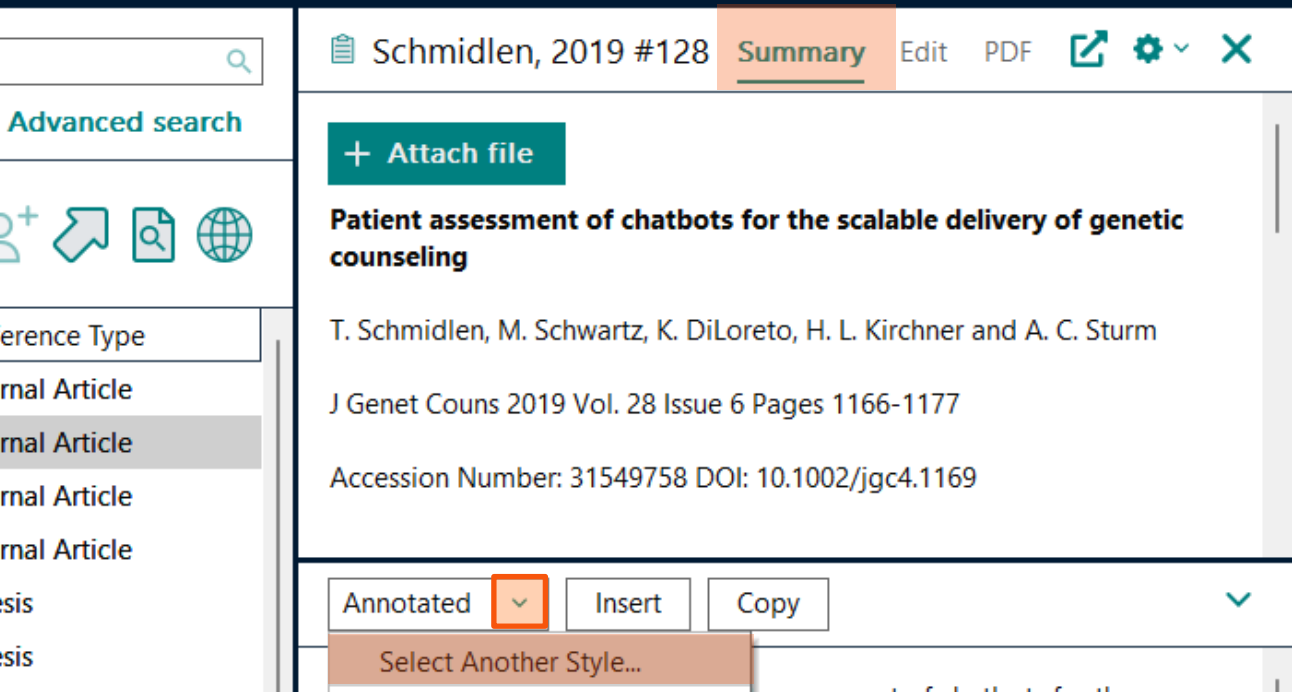
Totals: 1 Citation Group, 3 Citations, 3 References

可在引文中插入字首與後綴詞與頁碼
例如想顯示如下格式：
(請參考Segrelles-Calvo et al., 2021, p. 127，圖1)

更換書目格式

若在Word沒有您想呈現的書目格式，回到ENDNOTE畫面，點選 Select Another Style進入格式清單

在 Quick Search 輸入關鍵字後，以鍵盤上Enter進行搜尋，選取想要的格式點Choose新增



回到Word，在常用清單中即可找到新格式並套用

劃重點 / 便利貼與標註功能

Rathnayaka, 2022 #129 Summary

1

PDF

點選PDF

2

標記 / 註解

100% + ↺ ↻

Rathnayaka-2022-A Mental Health Chatbot with C.pdf

註解

chatbot

刪除線

底線

螢光筆註記

利用搜尋功能將註解找出

All References

+

PDF Notes		Contains		+	×
And	Year	Contains		+	×
And	Title	Contains		+	×

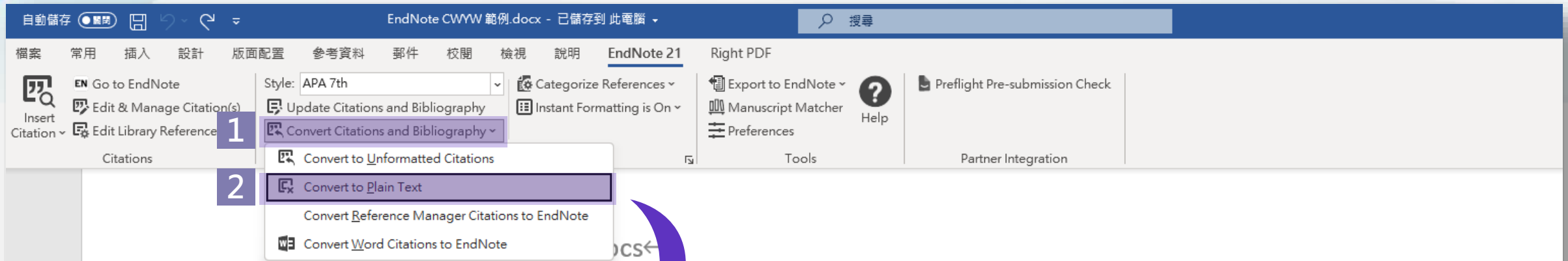
2 of 18

and the DSM 5 outlines 20 main categories of mental illnesses. Anxiety and depression are the most common mental illnesses that are also most prevalent among working-age people. behavioural interventions are widely accepted as the non-pharmacologic the treatment of anxiety and depression [5–9]. As a problem-focused and action-oriented form of therapy, Cognitive Behavioural Therapy (CBT) is the most researched type, which is superior to other forms of psychotherapy and aligns with the information processing disposition of the human brain [10]. Technological innovations are increasingly used to scale up the delivery of CBT psycho-social and behavioural interventions to the large cohorts of individuals affected. Specifically, CBT has been trialled in computer vs. standard settings [11], as a mobile phone service [12], as an online service on the Internet [13], as a gamified smartphone application [14], and as a smartphone-based conversational agent [15]. Conversational agents (or chatbots) are a recent technological innovation that is available all hours, easily accessed using a smartphone, communicates with any number of individuals, and is not impacted by cognitive biases. Unlike computer-aided tools that require some human expertise, chatbots are online and fully automated, which makes them effective at providing first-level support for mental illnesses. Woebot, a chatbot that delivers CBT, has been shown to be effective across multiple studies in depression [15], anxiety [16], and substance abuse [17]. It has also been reviewed by individual contributors who describe their personal experience with the chatbot service [18–20]. This growing body and effectiveness of using chatbots for first-level mental

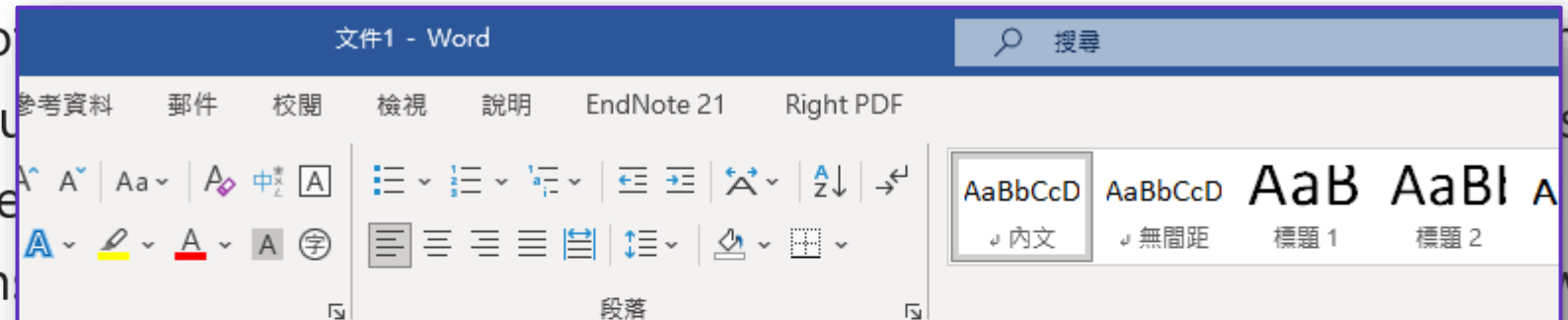
In contrast to CBT, a new stream of work has positioned Behavioural Activation (BA) as a more effective therapy (across multiple factors) for anxiety [21] and depression [22]. BA

移除word裡帶有Endnote的參數

撰寫引用



3 另外產生移除Endnote code 的純Word檔案(無參數/未儲存)

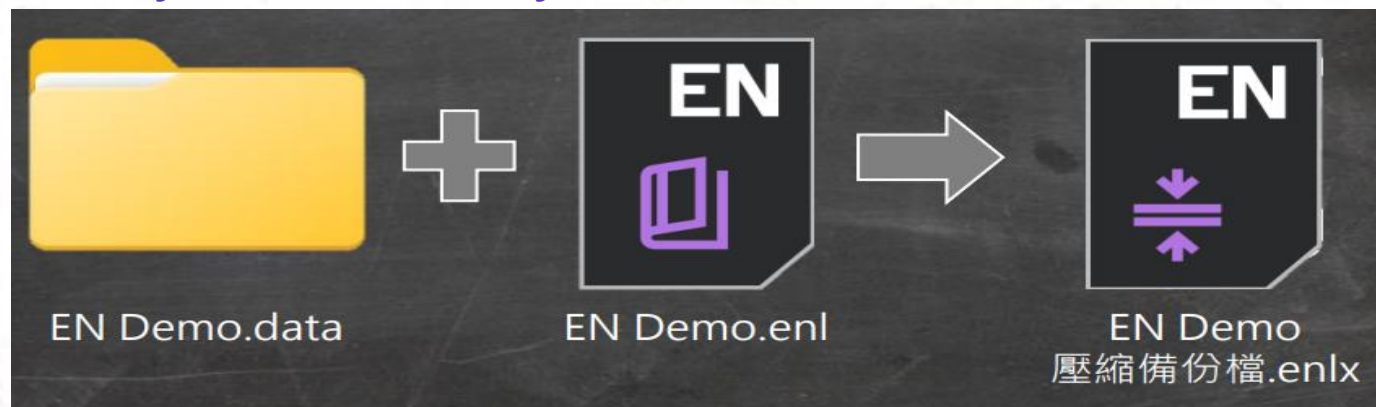


儲存一份沒有參數的檔案，並保留有參數的檔案，方便日後修改

Artificial intelligence (AI) in medicine and digital chatbots will play an increasingly important role

管理- 備份

備份My Endnote Library 壓縮檔



安裝後 EndNote產生的檔案有兩個

1.My Endnote Library.Data



夾帶檔案會同時建立副本存放於此資料夾

包含從資料庫下載下來的PDF

2.My Endnote Library.enl

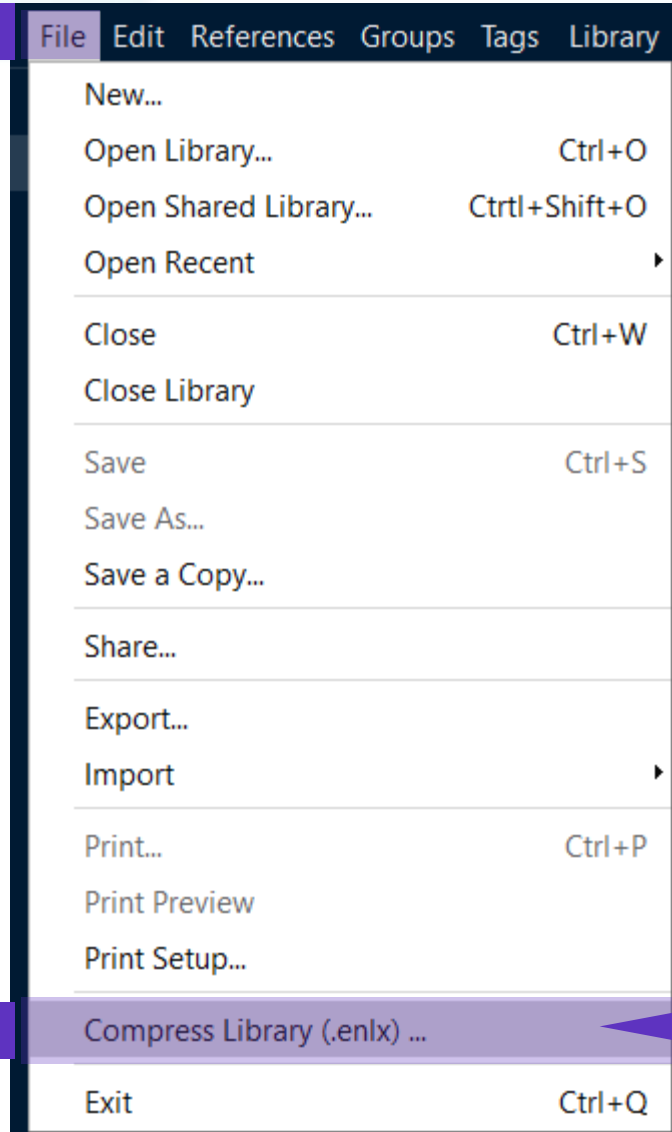


存放書目資料及開啟之檔案

Endnote文獻匯出(Compress Library)

備份資料

1



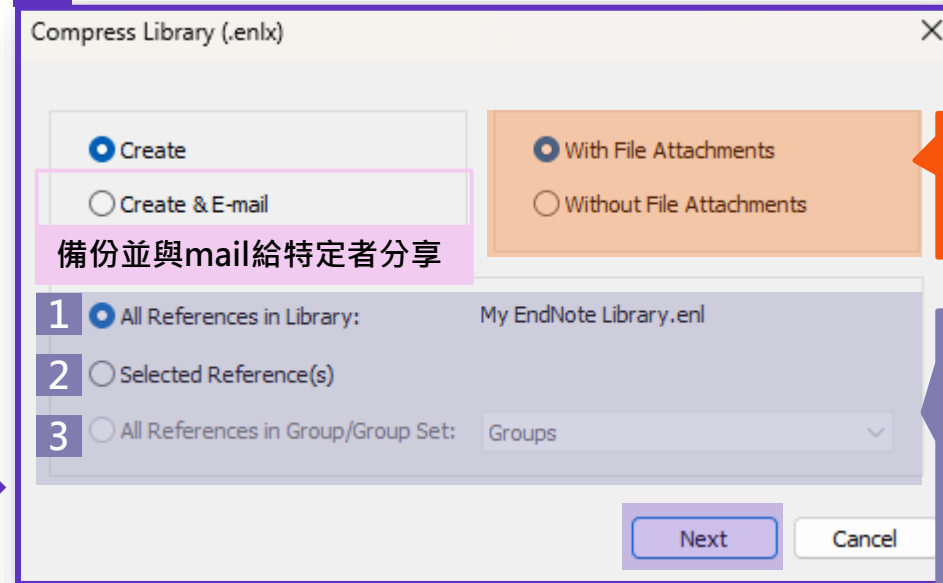
2

EndNote 原本產生的檔案有兩個，將其備份成enlx



- ※ 檔名請使用英文
- ※ 匯出為Endnote檔案
- ※ 必須有安裝Endnote才能開啟

3



- 設定備份[是否包含PDF等夾帶檔案]
- ※預設包含夾帶檔案

設定備份[書目的範圍]

- 1.Library 所有書目
2. 所選書目
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1

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My Groups

Sync Details

Last sync: Tuesday, February 04, 2025 at 10:53:37 AM +0800

Sync status: All changes have been sent.

Error code: None

Error message: None

Local Library

Library name: My EndNote Library.enl

References: 131

Groups: 0

Group sets: 1

Tags: 0

Attachments: 17

Online Library

Account email: [redacted]

Serial number: 3092175949

References: 131

Groups: 0

Group sets: 1

Tags: 0

Attachments: 17 (40.77 MB)

Limits

Number of references: 1000000 (999869 can still be added)

Number of groups: 5000 (5000 can still be added)

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Sync Configuration

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Sync Configuration

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References: 131

Groups: 0

Group sets: 1

Tags: 0

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Online Library

Account email: [REDACTED]

Serial number: [REDACTED]

References: 131

Groups: 0

Group sets: 1

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Limits

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MY GROUPS

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1_Introduction緒論 0

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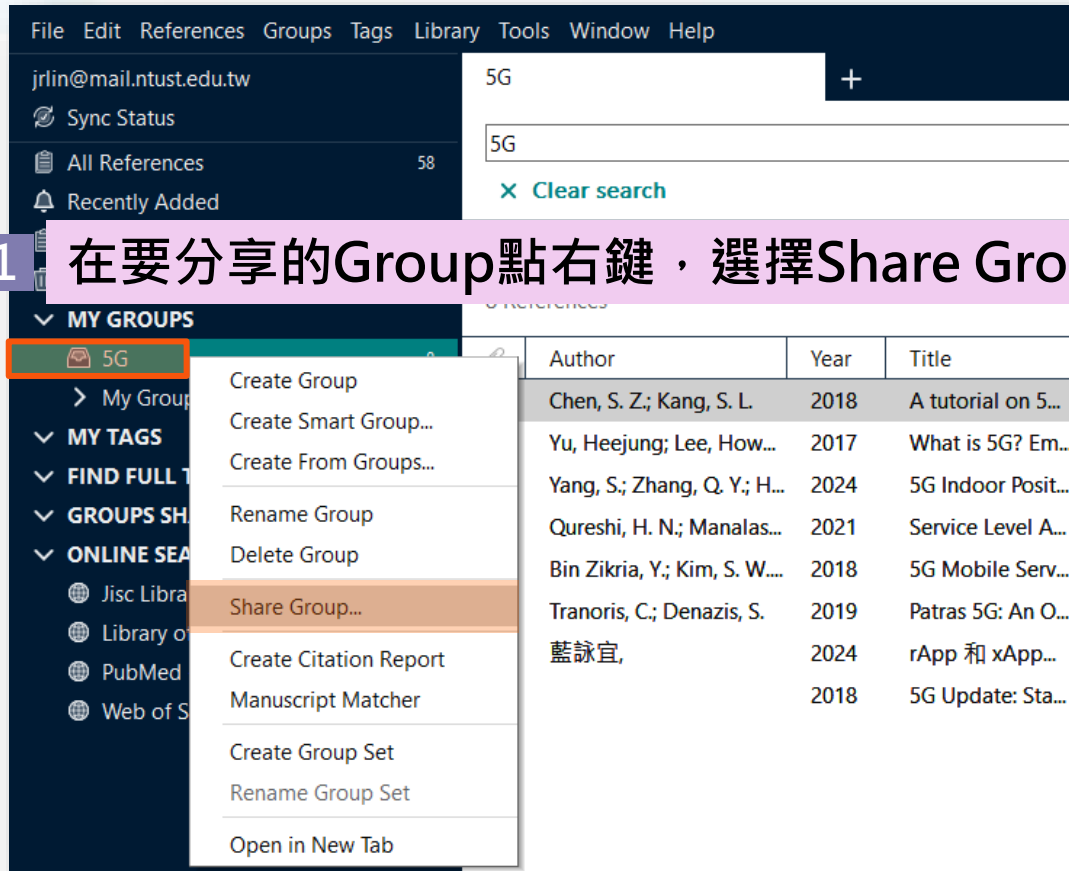
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☐	2026/9/29	2026/9/29	Liu, F; Cui, YH; Masouros, C; Xu, J; Han, TX; Eldar, YC; Buzzi, S	2022	Integrated Sensing and Communications: Toward Dual-Functi...
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	2014	Lissiman, E.; Bh...	G...			
	2020	Goodfellow, I; ...	G...			
	2025	Li, T; Long, QY;...	G...			
	2018	Froude, Melan...	GL...			
	2025	Qiao, Y.; Xie, D...	GL...			
	2019	Topol, EJ	Hi...	Nature Medi...	Journal Article	2025/7/2
	2015	Zhu, C.; Han, T...	Hi...	Nat Commun	Journal Article	2025/7/2
	2021	Donthu, N; Ku...	H...	Journal of Bu...	Journal Article	2025/7/2
	2025	Karuppall, R.	T...	J Orthop	Journal Article	2025/6/17
	2022	Pang, W.; Che...	I...	Infect Dis Mo...	Journal Article	2025/6/17
	2025	Thanh Tung, N...	I...	Ann Med	Journal Article	2025/6/17
	2025	Vlachonikola, ...	I...	Immunohori...	Journal Article	2025/6/17
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Nat. Hazards Earth Syst. Sci., 18, 2161–2181, 2018
https://doi.org/10.5194/nhess-18-2161-2018
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洞察核心要點(Key Takeaway)

- 歸納文獻核心要點，協助研究人員快速判斷相關性。
- 解析文獻重點概念，啟發研究人員研究靈感。

Correspondence: Melanie J. Froude (m.froude@sheffield.ac.uk)

Received: 23 February 2018 – Discussion started: 1 March 2018
Revised: 12 June 2018 – Accepted: 22 June 2018 – Published: 23 August 2018

Abstract. Landslides are a ubiquitous hazard in terrestrial environments with slopes, incurring human fatalities in urban settlements, along transport corridors and at sites of rural industry. Assessment of landslide risk requires high-quality landslide databases. Recently, global landslide databases have shown the extent to which landslides impact on society and identified areas most at risk. Previous global analysis has focused on rainfall-triggered landslides over short ~5-year observation periods. This paper presents spatiotemporal analysis of a global dataset of fatal non-seismic landslides, covering the period from January 2004 to December 2016. The data show that in total 55 997 people were killed in 4862 distinct landslide events. The spatial distribution of landslides is heterogeneous, with Asia representing the dominant geographical area. There are high levels of interest in

Landslides are significantly influenced by both climatic factors and human activities, with a notable increase in fatal landslides linked to construction, illegal mining, and hill cutting from 2004 to 2016.

Additional topics discussed in the document are:

- Impact of climate change on landslide frequency
- Human activities contributing to landslide risks
- Regional variations in landslide occurrences

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EXPERT OPINION ON DRUG DISCOVERY
2019, VOL. 14, NO. 4, 397–412
<https://doi.org/10.1080/17460441.2019.1581171>

REVIEW

Broad-spectrum coronavirus antiviral drug discovery

Allison L. Totura and Sina Bavari

Division of Molecular and Translational Sciences, United States Army Medical Research Institute of Infectious Diseases, Fort Detrick, MD, USA

ABSTRACT

Introduction: The highly pathogenic coronaviruses severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus (SARS-CoV) and Middle East respiratory syndrome coronavirus (MERS-CoV) are lethal zoonotic viruses that have emerged into human populations these past 15 years. These coronaviruses are associated with novel respiratory syndromes that spread from person-to-person via close contact, resulting in high morbidity and mortality caused by the progression to Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome (ARDS).

Areas covered: The risks of re-emergence of SARS-CoV from bat reservoir hosts, the persistence of MERS-CoV circulation, and the potential for future emergence of novel coronaviruses indicate antiviral drug discovery will require activity against multiple coronaviruses. In this review, approaches that antagonize viral nonstructural proteins, neutralize structural proteins, or modulate essential host elements of viral infection with varying levels of efficacy in models of highly pathogenic coronavirus disease are discussed.

Expert opinion: Treatment of SARS and MERS in outbreak settings has focused on therapeutics with general antiviral activity and good safety profiles rather than efficacy data provided by cellular, rodent, or nonhuman primate models of highly pathogenic coronavirus infection. Based on lessons learned from SARS and MERS outbreaks, lack of drugs capable of pan-coronavirus antiviral activity increases the vulnerability of public health systems to a highly pathogenic coronavirus pandemic.

ARTICLE HISTORY

Received 16 August 2018
Accepted 7 February 2019

KEYWORDS

Antiviral; ARDS; acute respiratory distress syndrome; bat; broad-spectrum; camel; civet; coronavirus; emerging virus; highly pathogenic virus; human cases; interferon; in vitro model; lopinavir; MERS; MERS-CoV; Middle East respiratory syndrome; pneumonia; primate model; respiratory; ribavirin; rodent model; SARS; SARS-CoV; severe acute respiratory syndrome; therapeutic; zoonosis; zoonotic

Research Assistant

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- **公共健康挑戰：**文章強調缺乏能夠有效對抗多種冠狀病毒的療法使公共健康系統在面對大流行時變得脆弱，並呼籲加強相關的藥物開發和研究。

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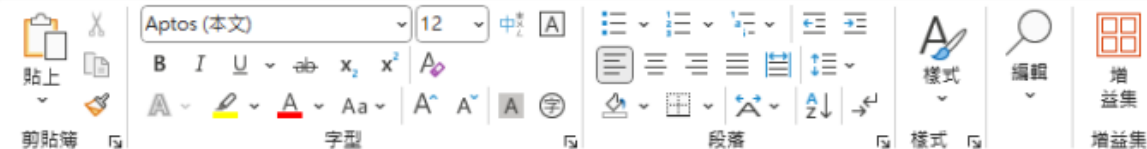
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"We then found that a short region of RNA-dependent RNA polymerase (RdRp) from a bat coronavirus (BatCoV RaTG13)—which was previously detected in *Rhinolophus affinis* from Yunnan province—showed high sequence identity to 2019-nCoV." (Zhou et al., 2020)

參考文獻

Zhou, P., Yang, X. L., Wang, X. G., Hu, B., Zhang, L., Zhang, W., Si, H. R., Zhu, Y., Li, B., Huang, C. L., Chen, H. D., Chen, J., Luo, Y., Guo, H., Jiang, R. D., Liu, M. Q., Chen, Y., Shen, X. R., Wang, X.,...Shi, Z. L. (2020). A pneumonia outbreak associated with a new coronavirus of probable bat origin. *Nature*, 579(7798), 270–273. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41586-020-2012-7>

Zhou, 2020 #33

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Fig. 1 | Genome characterization
next-generation sequencing of BALF from patient ICU06. **b**, Genomic organization of 2019-nCoV WIV04. M, membrane. **c**, Similarity plot based on the full-length genome sequence of 2019-nCoV WIV04. Full-length genome sequences of SARS-CoV BJ01, bat SARSr-CoV WIV1, bat coronavirus RaTG13 and ZC45 were used as reference sequences. **d**, Phylogenetic tree based on

WIV07) (GISAID accession numbers EPI_ISL_402127–402130) that were more than 99.9% identical to each other were subsequently obtained from four additional patients using next-generation sequencing and PCR (Extended Data Table 2).

The virus genome consists of six major open-reading frames (ORFs) that are common to coronaviruses and a number of other accessory genes (Fig. 1b). Further analysis indicates that some of the 2019-nCoV genes shared less than 80% nucleotide sequence identity to SARS-CoV. However, the amino acid sequences of the seven conserved replicase domains in ORF1ab that were used for CoV species classification were 94.4% identical between 2019-nCoV and SARS-CoV, suggesting that the two viruses belong to the same species, SARSr-CoV.

We then found that a short region of RNA-dependent RNA polymerase (RdRp) from a bat coronavirus (BatCoV RaTG13)—which was previously detected in *Rhinolophus affinis* from Yunnan province—showed high sequence identity to 2019-nCoV. We carried out full-length sequencing on this RNA sample (GISAID accession number EPI_ISL_402130)—which analysis showed that 2019-nCoV was highly similar through

hepatitis virus; PEDV, porcine epidemic diarrhoea virus; TGEV, porcine transmissible gastroenteritis virus. The scale bars represent 0.1 substitutions per nucleotide position. Descriptions of the settings and software that was used are included in the Methods.

identity to all previously described SARSr-CoVs, except for a 93.1% nucleotide identity to RaTG13 (Extended Data Table 3). The S genes of 2019-nCoV and RaTG13 are longer than other SARSr-CoVs. The major differences in the sequence of the S gene of 2019-nCoV are the three short insertions in the N-terminal domain as well as changes in four out of five of the key residues in the receptor-binding motif compared with the sequence of SARS-CoV (Extended Data Fig. 3). Whether the insertions in the N-terminal domain of the S protein of 2019-nCoV confer sialic-acid-binding activity as it does in MERS-CoV needs to be further studied. The close phylogenetic relationship to RaTG13 provides evidence that 2019-nCoV may have originated in bats.

We rapidly developed a qPCR-based detection method on the basis of the sequence of the receptor-binding domain of the S gene, which was the most variable region of the genome (Fig. 1c). Our data show that the primers could differentiate 2019-nCoV from all other human coronaviruses including bat SARSr-CoV WIV1, which shares 95% identity with SARS-CoV (Extended Data Fig. 4a, b). Of the samples obtained from patients, we found that six BALF and five oral swab samples, as assessed by qPCR, could no longer detect 2019-nCoV in nasal swabs and blood samples (Fig. 2a). However, including the RdRp or envelope (E) genes are used for the routine detection of 2019-nCoV. On the basis of these findings, we propose that the disease could be transmitted by airborne transmission, although we cannot rule out other possible routes of transmission, as further investigation, including more patients, is required.

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RdRp and spike (S) showed that—for all sequences—RaTG13 is the closest relative of 2019-nCoV and they form a distinct lineage from other SARSr-CoVs (Fig. 1d and Extended Data Fig. 2). The receptor-binding spike protein encoded by the S gene was highly divergent from other CoVs (Extended Data Fig. 2), with less than 75% nucleotide sequence

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